"Those who cannot remember the past are condemned to repeat it." -George Santayana

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Mission Statement

We commit to inspiring and empowering all students in Randolph schools to reach their full potential as unique, responsible and educated members of a global society.

Affirmative Action Statement Equality and Equity in Curriculum

The Randolph Township School district ensures that the district's curriculum and instruction are aligned to the state's standards. The curriculum provides equity in instruction, educational programs and provides all students the opportunity to interact positively with others regardless of race, creed, color, national origin, ancestry, age, marital status, affectional or sexual orientation, gender, religion, disability or socioeconomic status.

N.J.A.C. 6A:7-1.7(b): Section 504, Rehabilitation Act of 1973; N.J.S.A. 10:5; Title IX, Education Amendments of 1972

EDUCATIONAL GOALS VALUES IN EDUCATION

The statements represent the beliefs and values regarding our educational system. Education is the key to self-actualization, which is realized through achievement and self-respect. We believe our entire system must not only represent these values, but also demonstrate them in all that we do as a school system.

We believe:

- The needs of the child come first
- Mutual respect and trust are the cornerstones of a learning community
- The learning community consists of students, educators, parents, administrators, educational support personnel, the community and Board of Education members
- A successful learning community communicates honestly and openly in a non-threatening environment
- Members of our learning community have different needs at different times. There is openness to the challenge of meeting those needs in professional and supportive ways
- Assessment of professionals (i.e., educators, administrators and educational support personnel) is a dynamic process that requires review and revision based on evolving research, practices and experiences
- Development of desired capabilities comes in stages and is achieved through hard work, reflection and ongoing growth

Introduction

The fifth-grade social studies curriculum examines the history of the United States from the Age of Exploration to the development of a New Nation, the establishment of government and the writing of the Constitution. Throughout the units of study, there is an emphasis on the impact of geography, alliances with global nations, relationships with Native Americans, and the human desire for freedom, equality and independence.

Students will analyze issues and events from many perspectives to gain an appreciation of diversity. Collaborative, authentic and student-centered lessons will promote a sense of unity, acceptance, and positive social interactions in order to become active, informed, and contributing members of local, state, national, and global communities. The core of this curriculum will be developed in compliance with New Jersey State Learning Standards for Social Studies and the New Jersey State mandate for Holocaust Education.

Curriculum Pacing Chart

SUGGESTED TIME ALLOTMENT	UNIT NUMBER	CONTENT - UNIT OF STUDY
3 weeks	Ι	European Interest in North America
3 weeks	II	North American Colonies
4 weeks	III	Tensions and Causes of the American Revolution
4 weeks	IV	The American Revolution
4 weeks	V	A New Nation & the Constitution

Unit I: European Interest in North America

TRANSFER: Identify motives and tools of early exploration and their relevance to the modern-day.

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STANDARDS / GOALS: Democratic Principals	ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS
 6.1.5.CivicsDP.2: Compare and contrast responses of individuals and groups, past and present, to violations of fundamental rights (e.g., fairness, civil rights, human rights). 6.1.5.CivicsPD.3: Explain how and why it is important 	Europeans came to North America to claim new land, discover resources, spread religious beliefs, and increase power.	• Why did Europeans explore other lands in the 1400s?
that people from diverse cultures collaborate to find solutions to community, state, national, and global challenges.	Newly discovered natural resources and man-made tools allowed European explorers to grow wealth and enabled them to plan routes during exploration.	• How did resources and tools aid explorers in the New World during the Age of Exploration?
Human Population Patterns 6.1.5.GeoPP.2 : Describe how landforms, climate and weather, and availability of resources have impacted where and how people live and work in different regions of New Jersey and the United States.	Settlement locations, relations with Native Americans and support from Europe affected the success of early settlements in the New World.	• Why did some early settlements succeed and others fail?
6.1.5.GeoPP.3: Use geographic models to describe how human movement relates to the location of natural resources and sometimes results in conflict.6.1.5.GeoPP.5: Describe how the migration and	<u>KNOWLEDGE</u> Students will know:	<u>SKILLS</u> Students will be able to:
settlement patterns of Native American groups impacted different regions of the Western Hemisphere.6.1.5.GeoPP.6: Compare and contrast the voluntary and involuntary migratory experiences of different groups of people and explain why their experiences differed.	Artifacts can be used as resources to better understand history.	Describe the importance of artifacts.

Spatial Views of the World	Archeologists investigate sites and examine artifacts	Explain how and why archeologists
6.1.5.GeoSV.1 : Identify the maps or types of maps most	6 6	
appropriate for specific purposes, (e.g., to locate physical	to answer research questions and develop theories	study artifacts.
and/or human features in a community, to determine the	about past cultures.	
shortest route from one town to another town, to compare		
the number of people living at two or more locations).		
6.1.5.GeoSV.3: Demonstrate how to use digital	Artifacts from the Age of Exploration included	Classify artifacts from the Age of
geographic tools, maps and globes to measure distances	navigation tools, motives for exploration, and/or	Exploration.
and determine time zones, and locations using latitude		
6.1.5.GeoSV.5: Use geographic data to examine how the	products from the Americas.	
search for natural resources resulted in conflict and		
cooperation among European colonists and Native	Historians investigate and clearly need do symposite	Dead and annotate a variaty of articles
American resulting in changes to condition.	Historians investigate and closely read documents	Read and annotate a variety of articles
	from and about a particular time period to gain	and primary source documents.
Global Interconnections	knowledge and perspective.	
6.1.5.GeoGI.1: Use multiple sources to evaluate the		· · · · · · · · · · ·
impact of the movement of people from place to place on		Annotate historical images to uncover
individuals, communities, and regions.		perspective.
6.1.5.GeoGI.2 : Use historical maps to explain what led to		
the exploration of new water and land routes.		
6.1.5.GeoGI.3 : Use geographic tools to determine factors		Compare and contrast experiences and
that impacted emigration, settlement patterns, and		perspectives of various groups.
regional identities of the US colonies.		perspectives of various groups.
6.1.5.GeoGI.4: Explain how cultural and environmental		
characteristics affect the distribution and movement of	Early exploration was motivated by the desire to	Provide examples of various motives
people, goods, and ideas.		-
Feenemie Weye of Thinking	gain wealth, spread Christianity, and expand	for exploring new land.
Economic Ways of Thinking 6.1.5.EconET.1: Identify positive and negative	empires.	
incentives that influence the decisions people make.		
6.1.5.EconET.3: Explain how scarcity and choice		
influence decisions made by individuals, communities,	Early explorers discovered more efficient travel	Research New World explorers to
and nations.	routes both across the ocean and through major	identify their country of origin, their
und nations.		purpose for exploring, what they
		purpose for exploring, what mey

Unit I: European Interest in North America

Exchange and Markets 6.1.5.EconEM.1: Explain why individuals and businesses specialize and trade.	waterways that impacted future exploration and the establishment of settlements.	discovered, and how that impacted the future.
 6.1.5.EconEM.2: Identify examples of the variety of resources that are used to produce goods and services (i.e., human capital, physical capital, natural resources). 6.1.5.EconEM.5: Explain why individuals and societies trade, how trade functions, and the role pf trade. 	English settlers built on lands to the east of the Appalachian Mountains.	Locate the English settlements of Roanoke, Jamestown, and Plymouth.
6.1.5.EconEM.6: Explain the system of mercantilism and its impact on the economies of the colonies and European countries.	Early settlers in North America suffered from supply shortages, starvation, poor relations with the natives and harsh climate conditions.	Discuss and illustrate the hardships settlers endured in the New World.
National Economy 6.1.5.EconNM.2: Use data to describe how the availability of resources in New Jersey and other regions in the United States have impacted economic opportunities.		Evaluate the success of each of the three early settlements.
 6.1.5.EconNM.3: Describe how the development of different transportation systems impacted the economies of New Jersey and the United States. 6.1.5.EconNM.4: Explain how creativity and innovation resulted in scientific achievement and inventions in many cultures during different historical periods. 	King Phillip's War was a result of increasingly hostile relations between the local Wampanoag Indians and the colonial settlers.	Identify the Native America tribes in the New England Colonies and their relationships with one another and the settlers.
<u>Global Economy</u> 6.1.5.EconGE.2 : Illustrate how production, distribution, and consumption of goods and services are interrelated and are affected by the global market and events in the world community.	The violent war eliminated Native American presence in Plymouth and initiated colonial expansion of the region.	Analyze the causes and effects of King Phillip's War.
 6.1.5.EconGE.4: Compare and contrast how the availability of resources affects people across the world differently. 6.1.5.EconGE.5: Evaluate the economic impact of science and technology innovations on European exploration. 	KEY TERMS: New World, Age of Exploration, Columbian Exchange, Wampanoag, explorers, artifact, archeologists, astrolabe, cash crop, marsh, democratic, Roanoke, Jamestown, Plymouth,	

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	democratic, ally, annotate, primary source,	
Continuity and Change	secondary source	
6.1.5.HistoryCC.1: Analyze key historical events from	secondary source	
the past to explain how they led to the creation of the		
state of New Jersey and the United States.		
6.1.5.HistoryCC.2 : Use a variety of sources to illustrate		
how the American identity has evolved over time.		
Interactions of people and events throughout history have		
shaped the world we experience today.		
6.1.5.HistoryCC.4 : Use evidence to document how the		
interactions among African, European, and Native		
American groups impacted their respective cultures.		
6.1.5.HistoryCC.5 : Analyze the power struggle among		
European countries and determine its impact on people		
living in Europe and the Americas.		
6.1.5.HistoryCC.6 : Use multiple sources to make		
evidence-based inferences on the impact of European		
colonization on Native American populations, including		
the Lenni Lenape of New Jersey.		
6.1.5.HistoryCC.8: Make evidence-based inferences to		
describe how the influence of Native American groups,		
including the Lenni Lenape culture, is manifested in		
different regions of New Jersey.		
6.1.5.HistoryCC.10 : Analyze the power struggle among		
European countries and determine its impact on people		
living in Europe and the Americas.		
6.1.5.HistoryCC.11: Make evidence-based inferences to		
explain the impact that belief systems and family		
structures of African, European, and Native American		
groups had on government structures.		
6.1.5.HistoryCC.14 : Compare the practice of slavery and		
indentured servitude in Colonial labor systems.		
6.1.5.HistoryCC.15: Analyze key historical documents		
to determine the role they played in past and present-day		
government and citizenship (i.e., the Mayflower		

Compact, the Declaration of Independence, the United	
States Constitution, the Bill of Rights).	
Understanding Perspectives	
6.1.5.HistoryUP.1 : Describe the reasons various groups,	
voluntarily and involuntarily, immigrated to New Jersey	
and America, and cite evidence from multiple	
perspectives to describe the challenges they encountered.	
6.1.5.HistoryUP.2: Compare and contrast forms of	
governance, belief systems, and family structures among	
African, European, and Native American groups.	
6.1.5.HistoryUP.3: Use multiple perspectives to evaluate	
the impact of the Columbian Exchange on ecology,	
agriculture, and culture.	
6.1.5.HistoryUP.4: Compare and contrast gender roles,	
religion, values, cultural practices, and political systems	
of Native American groups.	
6.1.5.HistoryUP.5: Compare and contrast historians'	
interpretations of important historical ideas, resources	
and events.	
6.1.5.HistoryUP.6: Evaluate the impact of different	
interpretations of experiences and events by people with	
different cultural or individual perspectives.	
6.1.5.HistoryUP.7 : Describe why it is important to	
understand the perspectives of other cultures in an	
interconnected world.	
Historical Sourcing and Evidence	
6.1.5.HistorySE.1: Examine multiple accounts of early	
European explorations of North America including major	
land and water routes, reasons for exploration, and the	
impact the exploration had.	
Active Citizenship in the 21st Century	

6.3.5.CivicsPD.2: Use a variety of sources and data to
identify perspectives and actions taken by individuals
involving a current or historical community, state, or
national issue.
Progress Indicators for Reading Informational Text
Key Ideas and Details
RI.5.1. Quote accurately from a text and make relevant
connections when explaining what the text says explicitly
and when drawing inferences from the text.
RI.5.2. Determine two or more main ideas of a text and
explain how they are supported by key details;
summarize the text.
RI.5.3. Explain the relationships or interactions between
two or more individuals, events, ideas, or concepts in a
historical, scientific, or technical text based on specific
information in the text.
Craft and Structure
RI.5.4. Determine the meaning of general academic and
domain-specific words and phrases in a text relevant to a
grade 5 topic or subject area.
RI.5.6. Analyze multiple accounts of the same event or
topic, noting important similarities and differences in the
point of view they represent.
Integration of Knowledge and Ideas
RI.5.7. Draw on information from multiple print or
digital sources, demonstrating the ability to locate an
answer to a question quickly or to solve a problem
efficiently.
RI.5.8. Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence
to support particular points in a text, identifying which
reasons and evidence support which point(s).
RI.5.9. Integrate and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge,
historical/cultural context, and background knowledge)

information from several texts on the same topic in order	
to write or speak about the subject knowledgeably.	
Text Types and Purposes	
W.5.2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a	
topic and convey ideas and information clearly.	
Research to Build and Present Knowledge	
W.5.7. Conduct short research projects that use several	
sources to build knowledge through investigation of	
different perspectives of a topic.	
W.5.8. Recall relevant information from experiences or	
gather relevant information from print and digital	
sources; summarize or paraphrase information in notes	
and finished work and provide a list of sources.	
W.5.9. Draw evidence from literary or informational	
texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.	
Comprehension and Collaboration	
SL.5.1. Engage effectively in a range of collaborative	
discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with	
diverse partners on grade 5 topics and texts, building on	
others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.	
SL.5.2. Summarize a written text read aloud or	
information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g.,	
visually, quantitatively, and orally).	
SL.5.3. Summarize the points a speaker makes and	
explain how each claim is supported by reasons and	
evidence.	
Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas	
SL.5.4. Report on a topic or text or present an opinion,	
sequencing ideas logically and using appropriate facts	
and relevant, descriptive details to support main ideas or	
themes; speak clearly at an understandable pace.	
memes, speak clearry at an understandable pace.	

SL.5.5. Include multimedia components (e.g., graphics,	
sound) and visual displays in presentations when	
appropriate to enhance the development of main ideas or	
themes.	
SL.5.6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks,	
using formal English when appropriate to task and	
situation.	
CASEL Competencies	
Self-Awareness	
Identifying emotions	
Accurate self-perception	
Recognizing strengths	
Self-confidence	
Self-efficacy	
Self-Management	
Impulse control	
Stress management	
Self-discipline	
Self-motivation	
• Goal-setting	
Organizational skills	
Social Awareness	
Perspective-taking	
• Empathy	
Appreciating diversity	
Respect for others	
Responsible Decision Making	
Identifying problems	
 Analyzing situations 	
Solving problems	
Evaluating	
• Reflecting	
 Ethical responsibility 	
Relationship Skills	

Unit I: European Interest in North America

Communication		
Social engagement		
Relationship-building		
• Teamwork		

ASSESSMENT EVIDENCE: Students will show their learning by:

- Creating an interactive notebook for each unit of study
- Composing a journal entry, essay, or letter from the perspective of an explorer to describe and explain the influence of artifacts and tools on their journey and discovery.
- Creating and presenting an advertisement by illustrating the factors that contributed to success or failures of settlement, including a slogan to reflect what makes the particular colony unique.
- Creating a community timeline to record the key events for each time period studied in this unit.

KEY LEARNING EVENTS AND INSTRUCTION:

- Research and record key information about artifacts used or discovered during the Age of Exploration, including its purpose and function (TCI Reading Notes, a graphic organizer or a self-created format)
- Categorize artifacts on chart paper according to motives for exploration, products found in the New World, and tools for exploration
- Record information from the perspective of settlers to describe what they experienced in the New World (TCI Notes or graphic organizer)
- Create a visual of the various Native American groups in Southern New England depicting their relationship with one another and with the colonists
- Read and annotate articles and primary source documents available through TCI and Heinemann's Toolkit Texts for <u>Colonial Times</u>
- Analyze paintings (available through the TCI program) to make predictions, draw conclusions, and develop theories

SUGGESTED TIME ALLOTMENT	3 weeks
SUPPLEMENTAL UNIT RESOURCES	 Social Studies Alive! America's Past (Chapters 4, 6) TCI Transparencies TCI Placards TCI Interactive Student Notebooks
	Suggested Resources:
	<u>Colonial Times: Short Nonfiction for American History</u> by Stephanie Harvey and Anne Goudvis
	 <u>Roanoke: The Lost ColonyAn Unsolved Mystery from History</u> by Heidi E. Y. Stemple <u>The Lost Colony of Roanoke</u> by Jean Fritz <u>Encounter</u> by Jane Yolen BrainPOP video "Thirteen" <u>https://www.brainpop.com/socialstudies/ushistory/thirteencolonies/</u> Freedom Flix: "Jamestown" <u>http://freedomflix.digital.scholastic.com/unitPage/node-34832/10014092/</u> History Channel: "The Lost Colony of Roanoke" <u>http://www.schooltube.com/video/89c920dac3962b0ae572/</u> History Channel: "Jamestown Colony" <u>http://www.history.com/topics/jamestown</u> History Channel:" Plymouth Colony" <u>http://www.history.com/topics/plymouth</u> King Philips War (The History Channel) <u>http://www.history.com/topics/native-american-history/king-philips-war</u>

 Search for relevant reading passages at ReadWorks.org
http://www.readworks.org/books/passages

TRANSFER: Analyze and develop theories	on how location might impact quality of life.	1
STANDARDS / GOALS:	ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS
Civics and Political Institutions 6.1.5.CivicsPI.1: Describe ways in which people benefit from and are challenged by working together, including through government, workplaces, voluntary organizations, and families. Participation and Deliberation 6.1.5.CivicsPD.3: Explain how and why it is important	People relocate for many reasons and often face challenges when adapting to a new country.	 What motivates people to leave their homeland? What challenges do people face when moving to a new land?
that people from diverse cultures collaborate to find solutions to community, state, national, and global challenges.	Throughout history, people have enslaved others for profit, accumulation of wealth, and power.	• Why have people throughout history been enslaved?
<u>Process and Roles</u> 6.1.5.CivicsPR.1: Compare procedures for making decisions in a variety of settings including classroom,	Effective colonies establish a government, culture, and a way of life.	• What makes a community successful?
school, government, and /or society. 6.1.5.CivicsPR.4: Explain how policies are developed to address public problems.	<u>KNOWLEDGE</u> Students will know:	<u>SKILLS</u> Students will be able to:
<u>Civic Mindedness</u> 6.1.5.CivicsCM.4: Examine the responsibilities of differing positions of authority and identify criteria that are likely to make leaders qualified for those positions.	Historians investigate and closely read documents from and about a particular time period to gain knowledge and perspective.	Read and annotate a variety of articles and primary source documents.
Human Population Patterns 6.1.5.GeoPP.1 : Compare and contrast characteristics of regions in the United States based on culture, economics, and physical characteristics to understand the concept of regionalism.		Annotate historical images to uncover perspective.

6.1.5.GeoPP.2 : Describe how landforms, climate and		Compare and contrast experiences and
weather, and availability of resources have impacted		perspectives of various groups.
where and how people live and work in different regions		Perspectives of various groups:
of New Jersey and the United States.		
6.1.5.GeoPP.3 : Use geographic models to describe how		T . 1
human movement relates to the location of natural		Introduce questions that explore
resources and sometimes results in conflict.		purpose, point of view, and bias.
6.1.5.GeoPP.5: Describe how the migration and		
settlement patterns of Native American groups impacted		
different regions of the Western Hemisphere.	Settlers came to the New World to seek religious	Identify the various reasons why settlers
6.1.5.GeoPP.6: Compare and contrast the voluntary and	5	
involuntary migratory experiences of different groups of	freedom, to escape debt, to build wealth, and/or to	came to the New World.
people and explain why their experiences differed.	discover new economic opportunities.	
people and explain why alon experiences affered.		
Spatial Views of the World		
	Each region had unique geography and natural	Compare and contrast the New
6.1.5.GeoSV.1: Identify the maps or types of maps most		-
appropriate for specific purposes, (e.g., to locate physical	resources to manage livestock, grow crops, and	England, Middle, and Southern regions
and/or human features in a community, to determine the	produce goods.	based on geography, climate, and
shortest route from one town to another town, to compare		
the number of people living at two or more locations).		economy.
6.1.5.GeoSV.2 : Use maps to explain the impact of		
location and place on the relationships between places in		
New Jersey, the United States and other countries.	Each of the three colonial regions offered different	Give examples of careers available in
6.1.5.GeoSV.5: Use geographic data to examine how the	careers (farming, printing, fishing).	the colonies.
search for natural resources resulted in conflict and	careers (ramming, printing, risining).	the colonies.
cooperation among European colonists and Native		
American resulting in changes to condition.		Define the role of indentured servants
Global Interconnections		in the economics of the colony.
6.1.5.GeoGI.1 : Use multiple sources to evaluate the		
impact of the movement of people from place to place on		
individuals, communities, and regions.	The slave trade forced West African leaders and	Discuss dilemmas West Africans faced
	enslaved people(s) to confront life changing	in trading people for goods.
6.1.5.GeoGI.2 : Use historical maps to explain what led to		in naung people for goods.
the exploration of new water and land routes.	decisions to survive.	
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 6.1.5.GeoGI.3: Use geographic tools to determine factors that impacted emigration, settlement patterns, and regional identities of the US colonies. 6.1.5.GeoGI.4: Explain how cultural and environmental characteristics affect the distribution and movement of people, goods, and ideas. Economic Wavs of Thinking 6.1.5.EconET.1: Identify positive and negative incentives that influence the decisions people make. 6.1.5.EconET.2: Use quantitative data to engage in cost benefit analysis of decisions that impact the individual and/or community. 6.1.5.EconET.3: Explain how scarcity and choice influence decisions made by individuals, communities, 	The Triangular Trade involved shipping goods from Britain to West Africa to be exchanged for people who were then shipped to the West Indies and exchanged for sugar, rum, and other goods, which were then shipped back to Britain.	Discuss dilemmas enslaved people(s) faced in West Africa during the Middle Passage. Identify the geographic locations of the Triangular Trade. Illustrate the route. Describe the purpose of the Triangular Trade.
 and nations. Exchange and Markets 6.1.5.EconEM.1: Explain why individuals and businesses specialize and trade. 6.1.5.EconEM.2: Identify examples of the variety of resources that are used to produce goods and services (i.e., human capital, physical capital, natural resources). 6.1.5.EconEM.3: Describe how supply and demand influence price and output of products. 6.1.5.EconEM.5: Explain why individuals and societies trade, how trade functions, and the role pf trade. 6.1.5.EconEM.6: Explain the system of mercantilism and its impact on the economies of the colonies and European countries. 	Enslaved West Africans were sold as property to the colonists. Enslaved West Africans relied on their customs from Africa to cope with abuse. Such rituals included storytelling, prayer and singing spirituals.	Discuss ways enslaved people were sold and treated by the colonists. Demonstrate and illustrate ways that enslaved West African used their culture and religion to endure. Understand the importance of storytelling in maintaining origins, tradition, and culture.

 6.1.5.EconNM.2: Use data to describe how the availability of resources in New Jersey and other regions in the United States have impacted economic opportunities. 6.1.5.EconNM.4: Explain how creativity and innovation resulted in scientific achievement and inventions in many cultures during different historical periods. 6.1.5.EconNM.5: Explain how the availability of private and public goods and services is influenced by the government and the global economy. 6.1.5.EconNM.6: Examine the qualities of entrepreneurs in a capitalistic society. 6.1.5.EconNM.7: Describe the role and relationship 	Colonial Williamsburg, the capitol of Virginia, offered educational, political, social, and economic opportunities. In the 1700's, most children were expected to work; they were taught different skills and given different jobs based on gender.	Examine educational, social, religious, and economical aspects of life in Colonial Williamsburg. Compare and contrast children's responsibilities, gender roles, and educational opportunities in the Colonial Williamsburg time period versus the present day.
 among households, businesses, laborers, and governments within the economic system. <u>Global Economy</u> 6.1.5.EconGE.2: Illustrate how production, distribution, and consumption of goods and services are interrelated and are affected by the global market and events in the world community. 6.1.5.EconGE.4: Compare and contrast how the availability of resources affects people across the world differently. 6.1.5.EconGE.5: Evaluate the economic impact of science and technology innovations on European exploration. 	KEY TERMS: economy, plantation, indentured servant, West Indies, grant, assembly, apprentice, slave trade, dilemma, Middle Passage, Triangular Trade, slave auction, overseer, Williamsburg, capitol, craftsman, trade, politics, royal colony, bills	
 <u>Continuity and Change</u> 6.1.5.HistoryCC.1: Analyze key historical events from the past to explain how they led to the creation of the state of New Jersey and the United States. 6.1.5.HistoryCC.2: Use a variety of sources to illustrate how the American identity has evolved over time. 		

Interactions of people and events throughout history have	
shaped the world we experience today.	
6.1.5.HistoryCC.4 : Use evidence to document how the	
interactions among African, European, and Native	
American groups impacted their respective cultures.	
6.1.5.HistoryCC.5 : Analyze the power struggle among	
European countries and determine its impact on people	
living in Europe and the Americas.	
6.1.5.HistoryCC.6 : Use multiple sources to make	
evidence-based inferences on the impact of European	
colonization on Native American populations, including	
the Lenni Lenape of New Jersey.	
6.1.5.HistoryCC.7: Evaluate the initial and lasting	
impact of slavery using sources that represent multiple	
perspectives.	
6.1.5.HistoryCC.10 : Analyze the power struggle among	
European countries and determine its impact on people	
living in Europe and the Americas.	
6.1.5.HistoryCC.11 : Make evidence-based inferences to	
explain the impact that belief systems and family	
structures of African, European, and Native American	
groups had on government structures.	
6.1.5.HistoryCC.13: Craft a claim explaining how the	
development of early government structures impacted the	
evolution of American politics and institutions.	
6.1.5.HistoryCC.14 : Compare the practice of slavery and	
indentured servitude in Colonial labor systems.	
6.1.5.HistoryCC.15 : Analyze key historical documents	
to determine the role they played in past and present-day	
government and citizenship (i.e., the Mayflower	
Compact, the Declaration of Independence, the United	
States Constitution, the Bill of Rights).	
Understanding Perspectives	

 6.1.5.HistoryUP.1: Describe the reasons various groups, voluntarily and involuntarily, immigrated to New Jersey and America, and cite evidence from multiple perspectives to describe the challenges they encountered. 6.1.5.HistoryUP.2: Compare and contrast forms of governance, belief systems, and family structures among African, European, and Native American groups. 6.1.5.HistoryUP.3: Use multiple perspectives to evaluate the impact of the Columbian Exchange on ecology, agriculture, and culture. (1.5.History D4: Compare and contrast conducted and the contrast of the Columbian Exchange on ecology.
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agriculture, and culture.
(15 History JD A: Common and content condenues
6.1.5.HistoryUP.4: Compare and contrast gender roles,
religion, values, cultural practices, and political systems
of Native American groups.
6.1.5.History UP.5: Compare and contrast historians'
interpretations of important historical ideas, resources
and events.
6.1.5.HistoryUP.6: Evaluate the impact of different
interpretations of experiences and events by people with
different cultural or individual perspectives.
6.1.5.HistoryUP.7: Describe why it is important to
understand the perspectives of other cultures in an
interconnected world.
Historical Sourcing and Evidence
6.1.5.HistorySE.1: Examine multiple accounts of early
European explorations of North America including major
land and water routes, reasons for exploration, and the
impact the exploration had.
Claims and Argumentation
6.1.5.HistoryCA.1: Craft an argument, supported with
historical evidence, for how factors such as demographics
(e.g., race, gender, religion, and economic status) affected
social, economic, and political opportunities during the

Active Citizenship in the 21st Century
6.3.5.CivicsPD.2: Use a variety of sources and data to
identify perspectives and actions taken by individuals
involving a current or historical community, state, or
national issue.
Progress Indicators for Reading Informational Text
Key Ideas and Details
RI.5.1. Quote accurately from a text and make relevant
connections when explaining what the text says explicitly
and when drawing inferences from the text.
RI.5.2. Determine two or more main ideas of a text and
explain how they are supported by key details;
summarize the text.
RI.5.3. Explain the relationships or interactions between
two or more individuals, events, ideas, or concepts in a
historical, scientific, or technical text based on specific
information in the text.
Craft and Structure
RI.5.4. Determine the meaning of general academic and
domain-specific words and phrases in a text relevant to a
grade 5 topic or subject area.
RI.5.6. Analyze multiple accounts of the same event or
topic, noting important similarities and differences in the
point of view they represent.
Integration of Knowledge and Ideas
RI.5.7. Draw on information from multiple print or
digital sources, demonstrating the ability to locate an
answer to a question quickly or to solve a problem
efficiently.
RI.5.8. Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence
to support particular points in a text, identifying which
reasons and evidence support which point(s).

RI.5.9. Integrate and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge,	
historical/cultural context, and background knowledge	
information from several texts on the same topic in order	
to write or speak about the subject knowledgeably.	
Text Types and Purposes	
W.5.2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a	
topic and convey ideas and information clearly.	
Research to Build and Present Knowledge	
W.5.7. Conduct short research projects that use several	
sources to build knowledge through investigation of	
different perspectives of a topic.	
W.5.8. Recall relevant information from experiences or	
gather relevant information from print and digital	
sources; summarize or paraphrase information in notes	
and finished work and provide a list of sources.	
W.5.9. Draw evidence from literary or informational	
texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.	
11 5 7 7	
Comprehension and Collaboration	
SL.5.1. Engage effectively in a range of collaborative	
discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with	
diverse partners on grade 5 topics and texts, building on	
others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.	
SL.5.2. Summarize a written text read aloud or	
information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g.,	
visually, quantitatively, and orally).	
SL.5.3. Summarize the points a speaker makes and	
explain how each claim is supported by reasons and	
evidence.	
Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas	
SL.5.4. Report on a topic or text or present an opinion,	
sequencing ideas logically and using appropriate facts	

and relevant, descriptive details to support main ideas or	
themes; speak clearly at an understandable pace.	
SL.5.5. Include multimedia components (e.g., graphics,	
sound) and visual displays in presentations when	
appropriate to enhance the development of main ideas or	
themes.	
SL.5.6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks,	
using formal English when appropriate to task and	
situation.	
CASEL Competencies	
Self-Awareness	
Identifying emotions	
Accurate self-perception	
Recognizing strengths	
• Self-confidence	
• Self-efficacy	
Self-Management	
• Impulse control	
• Stress management	
• Self-discipline	
• Self-motivation	
• Goal-setting	
Organizational skills	
Social Awareness	
• Perspective-taking	
• Empathy	
Appreciating diversity	
• Respect for others	
Responsible Decision Making	
Identifying problems	
Analyzing situations	
Solving problems	
• Evaluating	
• Reflecting	

Unit II: North American Colonies

Ethical responsibility	
Relationship Skills	
Communication	
Social engagement	
Relationship-building	
• Teamwork	

ASSESSMENT EVIDENCE: Students will show their learning by:

- Creating and delivering a presentation to persuade European settlers to relocate to one particular region (What job opportunities are available? What natural resources are available? etc).
- Select song lyrics to reflect spiritual songs that enslaved people sang to keep hope alive, or writing a journal entry about an aspect of life as an enslaved person, or constructing a folktale about gaining freedom, or engage in an inquiry in the spirituals and explain how the lyrics provided messages of hope.
- Generating a composition from the perspective of a child living in colonial times to describe daily life (including skills learned in school, domestic chores, games played for entertainment, and clothing worn).
- Continuing the community timeline on the major events during this time period.

KEY LEARNING EVENTS AND INSTRUCTION:

- Research and record key information about the various reasons why settlers came to the New World (using TCI Reading Notes or a graphic organizer)
- Compare and contrast the geography, economy, government of the Northeast, Middle and South region, including reasons for settlement in each region
- Examine and analyze photographs of slaves and indentured servants working on plantations to understand working conditions
- Respond in writing to describe dilemmas of the slave trade (using TCI Reading Notes or teacher-provided prompts)
- Create learning activities or exhibits to experience life in Colonial Williamsburg
- Participate in virtual tours of Colonial Williamsburg

SUGGESTED TIME ALLOTMENT	3 weeks
SUPPLEMENTAL UNIT RESOURCES	 Social Studies Alive! America's Past (Chapters 7, 8, 9) TCI Transparencies TCI Placards TCI Interactive Student Notebooks
	Suggested Resources: • Colonial Times: Short Nonfiction for American History by Stephanie Harvey and Anne Goudvis • If You Traveled on the Underground Railroad by Ellen Levin • If You Lived When There Was Slavery in America by Anne Kamma • Unspoken: A Story from the Underground Railroad by Henry Cole • African Americans in the Thirteen Colonies by Deborah Kent • Jump Ship to Freedom by James Lincoln Collier and Christopher Collier • Colonial Life by Bobbie Kalman • DK Find Out: Thirteen Colonies • http://www.dkfindout.com/us/history/american-revolution/british-america-thirteen-colonies/ • Trueflix: "The Thirteen Colonies" • http://tfx.grolier.com/cb/node-35053 • TrueFlix: "The U.S. Regions" • http://freedom Flix: "African Americans in the Thirteen Colonies" • http://freedom Flix: "African Americans in the Thirteen Colonies" • http://freedomflix.digital.scholastic.com/unitPage/node-34832/10015417/ • Search for relevant reading passages at ReadWorks.org

 <u>http://www.readworks.org/books/passages</u>
BrainPOP video "Slavery"
• https://www.brainpop.com/socialstudies/africanamericanhistory/slavery/
BrainPOP video "Underground Railroad"
• https://www.brainpop.com/socialstudies/africanamericanhistory/undergroundrailroad/
DK Find Out "Slave Trade"
http://www.dkfindout.com/us/history/slave-trade/
Virtual tours of Colonial Williamsburg
https://www.colonialwilliamsburg.org/learn/virtual-tours/
Harriet Tubman: Secret Messages Through Song
https://www.kennedy-center.org/education/resources-for-educators/classroom-
resources/lessons-and-activities/lessons/3-5/harriet-tubman-secret-messages-through-
song/

TRANSFER: Voice opinions and advocate	for change on critical issues.	1
STANDARDS / GOALS: Participation and Deliberation	ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS
 6.1.5.CivicsPD.2: Explain how individuals can initiate and/or influence local, state, or national public policymaking (e.g., petitions, proposing laws, contacting elected officials). 6.1.5.CivicsPD.3: Explain how and why it is important the tracture of the tracture of	Colonists were angered by the laws and taxes that were imposed without their representation.	 When should one question authority? What causes people to rebel?
that people from diverse cultures collaborate to find solutions to community, state, national, and global challenges.	Colonists were divided in their positions and reactions to the laws and taxes imposed by Great Britain.	• What causes people to view a situation differently?
Democratic Principals 6.1.5.CivicsPD.3: Explain how and why it is important that people from diverse cultures collaborate to find solutions to community, state, national, and global challenges.	Boycotts, protests, and attempts at peaceful resolution were unsuccessful in providing colonists with a voice in their government and eventually led to more violent forms of protest.	• How do people initiate and persevere in bringing about change?
Process and Roles 6.1.5.CivicsPR.4 : Explain how policies are developed to address public problems.	<u>KNOWLEDGE</u> Students will know:	<u>SKILLS</u> Students will be able to:
<u>Civic Mindedness</u> 6.1.5.CivicsCM.1: Use a variety of sources to describe the characteristics exhibited by real and fictional people that contribute(d) to the well-being of their community	Historians investigate and closely read documents from and about a particular time period to gain knowledge and perspective.	Read and annotate a variety of articles and primary source documents.
and country.		Annotate historical images to uncover perspective.

 6.1.5.CivicsCM.2: Use evidence from multiple sources to construct a claim about how self-discipline and civility contribute to the common good. 6.1.5.CivicsCM.4: Examine the responsibilities of differing positions of authority and identify criteria that are likely to make leaders qualified for those positions. Human Population Patterns 6.1.5.GeoPP.3: Use geographic models to describe how human movement relates to the location of natural 		Compare and contrast experiences and perspectives of various groups. Introduce questions that explore, purpose, point of view, and bias.
resources and sometimes results in conflict. 6.1.5.GeoPP.5: Describe how the migration and settlement patterns of Native American groups impacted different regions of the Western Hemisphere.	Great Britain and France clashed over land ownership of the Ohio River Valley which resulted in the French and Indian War, part of the Seven Years War.	Analyze a map of the Ohio River Valley to determine causes of the French and Indian War, which was part
 Spatial Views of the World 6.1.5.GeoSV.1: Identify the maps or types of maps most appropriate for specific purposes, (e.g., to locate physical and/or human features in a community, to determine the shortest route from one town to another town, to compare the number of people living at two or more locations). 6.1.5.GeoSV.2: Use maps to explain the impact of location and place on the relationships between places in 		Discuss the relationship between the Native Americans and the French and the Native American and the English settlers.
New Jersey, the United States and other countries. 6.1.5.GeoSV.5: Use geographic data to examine how the search for natural resources resulted in conflict and cooperation among European colonists and Native American resulting in changes to condition.		Investigate the impact war had on the colonies and Great Britain.
 <u>Global Interconnections</u> 6.1.5.GeoGI.1: Use multiple sources to evaluate the impact of the movement of people from place to place on individuals, communities, and regions. 6.1.5.GeoGI.2: Use historical maps to explain what led to the exploration of new water and land routes. 	British policies after 1763 were designed to raise revenue to pay for the cost of the empire which caused conflict between Great Britain and the colonies.	Show the cause-and-effect relationship between British debt due to the French and Indian War and the subsequent acts imposed upon the colonists.
	31	

6.1.5.GeoGI.3 : Use geographic tools to determine factors that impacted emigration, settlement patterns, and		Research the various acts and events that contributed to growing tensions
regional identities of the US colonies. 6.1.5.GeoGI.4: Explain how cultural and environmental		between colonists and the British.
characteristics affect the distribution and movement of		
people, goods, and ideas.		Investigate King George III's impact on
Economic Ways of Thinking		tensions in the colonies.
6.1.5.EconET.1 : Identify positive and negative		tensions in the colonies.
incentives that influence the decisions people make.		
6.1.5.EconET.2: Use quantitative data to engage in cost		View an image of North America that
benefit analysis of decisions that impact the individual and/or community.		depicts the impact the Proclamation of
6.1.5.EconET.3 : Explain how scarcity and choice		1763 had on the colonies.
influence decisions made by individuals, communities,		
and nations.		
Continuity and Change	American colonists were divided over what course	Distinguish between the positions of
6.1.5.HistoryCC .1: Analyze key historical events from	of action to take in response to British policies.	Neutralists, Loyalists, and Patriots.
the past to explain how they led to the creation of the		
state of New Jersey and the United States.		Select a position and present an
6.1.5.HistoryCC.2 : Use a variety of sources to illustrate		argument with evidence to support the
how the American identity has evolved over time. Interactions of people and events throughout history have		point of view.
shaped the world we experience today.		point of view.
6.1.5.HistoryCC.4: Use evidence to document how the		
interactions among African, European, and Native		Engage in public discourse to fully
American groups impacted their respective cultures.		understand the differences of each
6.1.5.HistoryCC.5 : Analyze the power struggle among European countries and determine its impact on people		position.
living in Europe and the Americas.		1
6.1.5.HistoryCC.6: Use multiple sources to make	The Dettine of Decile II'll and Levin to 1	
evidence-based inferences on the impact of European	The Battles of Bunker Hill and Lexington and	Read and annotate historical images and
colonization on Native American populations, including the Lenni Lenape of New Jersey.	Concord were critical in uniting the Patriots to	maps of the Massachusetts battles.
the Lenin Lenape of New Jersey.	support the effort for independence.	

 6.1.5.HistoryCC.8: Make evidence-based inferences to describe how the influence of Native American groups, including the Lenni Lenape culture, is manifested in different regions of New Jersey. 6.1.5.HistoryCC.10: Analyze the power struggle among European countries and determine its impact on people living in Europe and the Americas. 6.1.5.HistoryCC.11: Make evidence-based inferences to explain the impact that belief systems and family structures of African, European, and Native American groups had on government structures. 		Evaluate the impact these battles had on supporting the need for independence, organizing intelligence networks, and communicating the need for involvement of the middle and southern colonies.
 6.1.5.HistoryCC.13: Craft a claim explaining how the development of early government structures impacted the evolution of American politics and institutions. 6.1.5.HistoryCC.15: Analyze key historical documents to determine the role they played in past and present-day government and citizenship (i.e., the Mayflower Compact, the Declaration of Independence, the United States Constitution, the Bill of Rights). 	Many Patriots impacted the argument for independence.	Explore a variety of citizens and statesmen who contributed to the cause for independence through the use of primary sources. (e.g.: <i>Common Sense,</i> <i>Give me Liberty Speech</i>)
 <u>Understanding Perspectives</u> 6.1.5.HistoryUP.1: Describe the reasons various groups, voluntarily and involuntarily, immigrated to New Jersey and America, and cite evidence from multiple perspectives to describe the challenges they encountered. 6.1.5.HistoryUP.2: Compare and contrast forms of governance, belief systems, and family structures among African, European, and Native American groups. 6.1.5.HistoryUP.4: Compare and contrast gender roles, 	Tensions increased throughout the colonies until the Continental Congress declared independence on July 4, 1776.	Recognize the critical outcomes of the Second Continental Congress with reference to governing the colonies, forming an army with George Washington as its leader and taking steps to separate from Great Britain.
 religion, values, cultural practices, and political systems of Native American groups. 6.1.5.HistoryUP.5: Compare and contrast historians' interpretations of important historical ideas, resources and events. 	The Declaration of Independence illustrated the values and ideals of the colonists who felt they could no longer be ruled by Great Britain.	Analyze and interpret key passages of the Declaration of Independence.

6.1.5.HistoryUP.6 : Evaluate the impact of different		
interpretations of experiences and events by people with	KEY TERMS: act, taxation without representation,	
different cultural or individual perspectives.		
6.1.5.HistoryUP.7: Describe why it is important to	protest, proclamation, delegate, massacre, boycott,	
understand the perspectives of other cultures in an	First Continental Congress, independence, Patriot,	
interconnected world.	Loyalist, neutral, traitor, tyrant, treason, resolution,	
	• • • • • • • • •	
Historical Sourcing and Evidence	Declaration of Independence, Second Continental	
6.1.5.HistorySE.1: Examine multiple accounts of early	Congress, Minuteman, militia, speech	
European explorations of North America including major		
land and water routes, reasons for exploration, and the		
impact the exploration had.		
6.1.5.HistorySE.2: Construct an argument for the		
significant and enduring role of historical symbols,		
monuments, and holidays and how they affect the		
American identity.		
Claims and Argumentation 6.1.5.HistoryCA.1: Craft an argument, supported with		
historical evidence, for how factors such as demographics		
(e.g., race, gender, religion, and economic status) affected		
social, economic, and political opportunities during the		
Colonial era.		
ERA 3 Revolution and the New Nation		
6.1.8.CivicsDP.3.a:Use primary and secondary sources		
to assess whether or not the ideals found in the		
Declaration of Independence were fulfilled for women,		
African Americans, and Native Americans during this		
time period.		
6.1.8.HistoryCC.3.a: Explain how the consequences of		
the Seven Years War, changes in British policies toward		
American colonies, and responses by various groups and		
individuals in the North American colonies led to the		
American Revolution.		

6.1.8.HistoryCC.3.c: Use geographic tools and resources	
to investigate how conflicts and alliances among	
European countries and Native American groups	
impacted the expansion of American territory.	
6.1.8.HistoryUP.3.b: Examine the roles and perspectives	
of various socioeconomic groups (e.g., rural farmers,	
urban craftsmen, northern merchants, and southern	
planters), African Americans, Native Americans, and	
women during the American Revolution, and determine	
how these groups were impacted by the war.	
6.1.8.HistoryUP.3.c: Analyze how the terms of the	
Treaty of Paris affected United States relations with	
Native Americans and with European powers that had	
territories in North America from multiple perspectives.	
6.1.8.HistorySE.3.a: Analyze how the leadership of	
George Washington during the American Revolution and	
as president allowed for the establishment of American	
democracy.	
6.1.8.HistorySE.3.b: Analyze a variety of sources to	
make evidence-based inferences about how prominent	
individuals and other nations contributed to the causes,	
execution, and outcomes of the American Revolution.	
Progress Indicators for Reading Informational Text	
Key Ideas and Details	
RI.5.1. Quote accurately from a text and make relevant	
connections when explaining what the text says explicitly	
and when drawing inferences from the text.	
RI.5.2. Determine two or more main ideas of a text and	
explain how they are supported by key details;	
summarize the text.	
RI.5.3. Explain the relationships or interactions between	
two or more individuals, events, ideas, or concepts in a	
historical, scientific, or technical text based on specific	
information in the text.	

Crueft and Strengtone	
Craft and Structure	
RI.5.4. Determine the meaning of general academic and	
domain-specific words and phrases in a text relevant to a	
grade 5 topic or subject area.	
RI.5.6. Analyze multiple accounts of the same event or	
topic, noting important similarities and differences in the	
point of view they represent.	
Integration of Knowledge and Ideas	
RI.5.7. Draw on information from multiple print or	
digital sources, demonstrating the ability to locate an	
answer to a question quickly or to solve a problem	
efficiently.	
RI.5.8. Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence	
to support particular points in a text, identifying which	
reasons and evidence support which point(s).	
RI.5.9. Integrate and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge,	
historical/cultural context, and background knowledge	
information from several texts on the same topic in order	
to write or speak about the subject knowledgeably.	
Tart Trues and Durmans	
Text Types and Purposes W.5.2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a	
topic and convey ideas and information clearly.	
topic and convey ideas and information clearly.	
Research to Build and Present Knowledge	
W.5.7. Conduct short research projects that use several	
sources to build knowledge through investigation of	
different perspectives of a topic.	
W.5.8. Recall relevant information from experiences or	
gather relevant information from print and digital	
sources; summarize or paraphrase information in notes	
and finished work and provide a list of sources.	
W.5.9. Draw evidence from literary or informational	
texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.	

Unit III: Tensions and Causes of the American Revolution

Comprehension and Collaboration	
SL.5.1. Engage effectively in a range of collaborative	
discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with	
diverse partners on grade 5 topics and texts, building on	
others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.	
SL.5.2. Summarize a written text read aloud or	
information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g.,	
visually, quantitatively, and orally).	
SL.5.3. Summarize the points a speaker makes and	
explain how each claim is supported by reasons and	
evidence.	
Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas	
SL.5.4. Report on a topic or text or present an opinion,	
sequencing ideas logically and using appropriate facts	
and relevant, descriptive details to support main ideas or	
themes; speak clearly at an understandable pace.	
SL.5.5. Include multimedia components (e.g., graphics,	
sound) and visual displays in presentations when	
appropriate to enhance the development of main ideas or	
themes.	
SL.5.6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks,	
using formal English when appropriate to task and	
situation.	
CASEL Competencies	
Self-Awareness	
Identifying emotions	
Accurate self-perception	
Recognizing strengths	
• Self-confidence	
Self-efficacy	
Self-Management	
• Impulse control	
Stress management	

Unit III: Tensions and Causes of the American Revolution

Self-discipline	
• Self-motivation	
• Goal-setting	
Organizational skills	
Social Awareness	
Perspective-taking	
• Empathy	
Appreciating diversity	
• Respect for others	
Responsible Decision Making	
Identifying problems	
Analyzing situations	
Solving problems	
Evaluating	
Reflecting	
Ethical responsibility	
Relationship Skills	
Communication	
Social engagement	
Relationship-building	
• Teamwork	

ASSESSMENT EVIDENCE: Students will show their learning by:

- Creating a protest poster depicting one of the events or acts and its historical parallel from the period.
- Presenting and defending the argument as a Loyalist or Patriot for declaring or not declaring independence from Great Britain (examples include but are not limited to panel debate, journal entry, or digital poster).
- Creating and presenting a skit (examples include but are not limited to comic strip, video, or blog) to convey the meaning of an excerpt from the Declaration of Independence.
- Continuing the community timeline on the major events of the time period.

Unit III: Tensions and Causes of the American Revolution

KEY LEARNING EVENTS AND INSTRUCTION:

- Using metaphors, make connections to the colonists' point of view regarding their relationship with Great Britain
- Analyze a map of the Ohio River Valley to draw conclusions about British and French forts and possessions to understand the reasons for the French and Indian War
- Collaborate in groups to research and present information on the policies and the acts that caused tensions between the colonies and Great Britain
- Collaborate in preparing a presentation of the argument for a Loyalist or for Patriot declaring or not declaring independence from Great Britain
- Read, interpret, and paraphrase excerpts from the Declaration of Independence
- Analyze visuals, including but not limited to paintings from the TCI program, and/or Heinemann's Toolkit Texts: <u>The American</u> <u>Revolution and Constitution</u> to draw conclusions and formulate theories

SUGGESTED TIME ALLOTMENT	4 weeks
SUPPLEMENTAL UNIT RESOURCES	Social Studies Alive! America's Past (Chapters 10, 11, 12)
	TCI Transparencies
	TCI Interactive Student Notebooks
	Suggested Resources:
	<u>The American Revolution and Constitution: Short Nonfiction for American History</u>
	by Stephanie Harvey and Anne Goudvis
	• <u>Tea Overboard</u> by Elizabeth Franklin
	<u>The Boston Tea Party</u> by Conrad Stein
	If You Lived in the Time of the American Revolution by Kay Moore
	Dear Benjamin Banneker by Andrea Davis Pinkney
	• FreedomFlix: "The Boston Tea Party"
	http://freedomflix.digital.scholastic.com/unitPage/node-34832/10014020/

Unit III: Tensions and Causes of the American Revolution

DK Find Out: :The American Revolution"
http://www.dkfindout.com/us/history/american-revolution/
BrainPOP video "Causes of the American Revolution"
• https://www.brainpop.com/socialstudies/ushistory/causesoftheamericanrevolution/
BrainPOP video "Declaration of Independence"
https://www.brainpop.com/socialstudies/ushistory/declarationofindependence/
BrainPOP video "Thomas Jefferson"
https://www.brainpop.com/socialstudies/ushistory/declarationofindependence/
Transcript of the Declaration of Independence
https://www.monticello.org/site/jefferson/transcript-declaration-independence-
rough-draft

	ENDIDING UNDEDGTANDINGG	FORENTLAL OUFOTIONS
STANDARDS / GOALS:	ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS
<u>Civics and Political Institutions</u> 6.1.5.CivicsPI.1: Describe ways in which people benefit		
from and are challenged by working together, including	Violence and conflict may be inevitable in achieving	• How can people affect change?
through government, workplaces, voluntary	independence.	• How does a revolution change a
organizations, and families.		country?
6.1.5CivicsPI.9 : Research and compare the differences and similarities between the United States and other		
nations' governments, customs, and laws.	Wars are often won due to motivation, innovative	• What factors lead to a military
	military tactics, and support from allies.	victory?
Civic Mindedness		-
6.1.5.CivicsCM.1 : Use a variety of sources to describe the characteristics exhibited by real and fictional people	The American Revolution created a great shift in	• What can happen when
that contribute(d) to the well-being of their community	power for the people living in America.	leadership and governance
and country.		changes?
6.1.5.CivicsCM.2 : Use evidence from multiple sources to		
construct a claim about how self-discipline and civility contribute to the common good.		
6.1.5.CivicsCM.4: Examine the responsibilities of	KNOWLEDGE	<u>SKILLS</u>
differing positions of authority and identify criteria that	Students will know:	Students will be able to:
are likely to make leaders qualified for those positions. 6.1.5.CivicsCM.5 : Investigate the lives of New Jersey	Historians investigate and closely read documents	Read and annotate a variety of articles
individuals with diverse experiences who have	from and about a particular time period to gain	and primary source documents.
contributed to the improvement of society.	knowledge and perspective.	1 5
6.1.5.CivicsCM.6: Cite evidence from a variety of	inte tribuge and perspectives	A
sources to describe how a democracy depends upon and		Annotate historical images to uncover
responds to individuals' participation.		perspective.

Spatial Views of the World		Compare and contrast experiences and
6.1.5.GeoSV.2 : Use maps to explain the impact of		perspectives of various groups.
location and place on the relationships between places in		perspectives of various groups.
New Jersey, the United States and other countries.		
6.1.5.GeoSV.5 : Use geographic data to examine how the search for natural resources resulted in conflict and		Introduce questions that explore
cooperation among European colonists and Native		purpose, point of view, and bias.
American resulting in changes to condition.		pulpose, point of the ", and of as
	The British military used an offensive war tactic,	Compare and contrast strategies that the
Global Interconnections		
6.1.5.GeoGI.1 : Use multiple sources to evaluate the impact of the movement of people from place to place on	while the Continental army used a defensive war	British army and the Continental army
individuals, communities, and regions.	tactic and initiated surprise attacks.	used to win the war.
6.1.5.GeoGI.2: Use historical maps to explain what led to		
the exploration of new water and land routes.	The Continental army had a strong desire to win and	Identify the advantages and
6.1.5.GeoGI.3 : Use geographic tools to determine factors	a knowledge of the territory but lacked resources and	disadvantages the Continental army had
that impacted emigration, settlement patterns, and regional identities of the US colonies.		
regional identities of the OB colonies.	experience.	throughout the American Revolution.
Continuity and Change		
6.1.5.HistoryCC .1: Analyze key historical events from	George Washington proved to be a well-liked and	List the positive attributes George
the past to explain how they led to the creation of the state of New Jersey and the United States.	highly effective military leader.	Washington exuded as a military leader.
6.1.5.HistoryCC.2 : Use a variety of sources to illustrate		
how the American identity has evolved over time.	The British army was experienced, well trained, and	Identify the advantages and
Interactions of people and events throughout history have	· ·	
shaped the world we experience today.	had resources and allies. However, the British were	disadvantages the British military had
6.1.5.HistoryCC.4 : Use evidence to document how the interactions among African, European, and Native	fighting in an unfamiliar territory and in an	throughout the American Revolution.
American groups impacted their respective cultures.	unsupportive environment.	
6.1.5.HistoryCC.5: Analyze the power struggle among		
European countries and determine its impact on people	Several battles took place in the colony of New	Describe the importance of New Jersey
living in Europe and the Americas.		
	Jersey, including the Battle of Trenton after	during the American Revolution.

6.1.5.HistoryCC.6 : Use multiple sources to make evidence-based inferences on the impact of European	Washington famously led his troops to cross the	
colonization on Native American populations, including	Delaware River.	
the Lenni Lenape of New Jersey.		
6.1.5 . HistoryCC.7 : Evaluate the initial and lasting impact of slavery using sources that represent multiple	Geographic features and knowledge about the	Utilize physical maps of the regions to
perspectives.	landscape of the colonies impacted the battles and	explain how battles were won or lost
6.1.5.HistoryCC.8: Make evidence-based inferences to	outcome of the American Revolution.	throughout the war.
describe how the influence of Native American groups, including the Lenni Lenape culture, is manifested in		5
different regions of New Jersey.	Many Patriots served as writers, spies, soldiers, and	Explain how Patriots influenced the
6.1.5.HistoryCC.10 : Analyze the power struggle among	nurses during the American Revolution.	outcome of the American Revolution.
European countries and determine its impact on people living in Europe and the Americas.	6	
	African Americans fought on both sides of the war	Depict ways in which African
Understanding Perspectives	for the promise of freedom.	Americans were involved in the
6.1.5.HistoryUP.1 : Describe the reasons various groups, voluntarily and involuntarily, immigrated to New Jersey	for the profilise of freedom.	American Revolution.
and America, and cite evidence from multiple		American Revolution.
perspectives to describe the challenges they encountered.		
6.1.5.HistoryUP.2: Compare and contrast forms of governance, belief systems, and family structures among	Native American groups fought alongside the	Evaluate the roles of Native Americans
African, European, and Native American groups.	Colonists, some with the British and still others	during the American Revolution.
6.1.5.HistoryUP.4: Compare and contrast gender roles, religion, values, cultural practices, and political systems	remained neutral, hoping that the two sides would	
of Native American groups.	weaken each other.	
6.1.5.HistoryUP.5: Compare and contrast historians'		
interpretations of important historical ideas, resources and events.	KEY TERMS: revolution, strategy, volunteer, enlist,	
6.1.5.HistoryUP.6 : Evaluate the impact of different	mercenary, tactic, turning point, treaty, home front,	
interpretations of experiences and events by people with	offence, defense, Continental Army, Sons of Liberty,	
different cultural or individual perspectives.	Daughters of Liberty, Treaty of Paris, leadership	
Claims and Argumentation 6.1.5.HistoryCA.1: Craft an argument, supported with		
historical evidence, for how factors such as demographics		

(e.g., race, gender, religion, and economic status) affected	
social, economic, and political opportunities during the	
Colonial era.	
ERA 3 Revolution and the New Nation	
6.1.8.CivicsDP.3.a:Use primary and secondary sources	
to assess whether or not the ideals found in the	
Declaration of Independence were fulfilled for women,	
African Americans, and Native Americans during this	
time period.	
6.1.8.GeoSV.3.a: Use maps and other geographic tools to	
construct an argument on the impact of geography on the	
developments and outcomes of the American Revolution	
including New Jersey's pivotal role.	
6.18.EconET.3.a: Identify the effect of inflation and debt	
on the American people and evaluate the policies of state	
and national governments during this time.	
6.1.8.HistoryCC.3.a: Explain how the consequences of	
the Seven Years War, changes in British policies toward	
American colonies, and responses by various groups and	
individuals in the North American colonies led to the	
American Revolution.	
6.1.8.HistoryCC.3.c: Use geographic tools and resources	
to investigate how conflicts and alliances among	
European countries and Native American groups	
impacted the expansion of American territory.	
6.1.8.HistoryUP.3.a: Use primary sources as evidence to	
explain why the Declaration of Independence was written	
and how its key principles evolved to become unifying	
ideas of American democracy.	
6.1.8.HistoryUP.3.b: Examine the roles and perspectives	
of various socioeconomic groups (e.g., rural farmers,	
urban craftsmen, northern merchants, and southern	
planters), African Americans, Native Americans, and	

women during the American Revolution, and determine	
how these groups were impacted by the war.	
6.1.8.HistoryUP.3.c: Analyze how the terms of the	
Treaty of Paris affected United States relations with	
Native Americans and with European powers that had	
territories in North America from multiple perspectives.	
6.1.8.HistorySE.3.a: Analyze how the leadership of	
George Washington during the American Revolution and	
as president allowed for the establishment of American	
democracy.	
6.1.8.HistorySE.3.b: Analyze a variety of sources to	
make evidence-based inferences about how prominent	
individuals and other nations contributed to the causes,	
execution, and outcomes of the American Revolution.	
Active Citizenship in the 21st Century	
6.3.5.CivicsPD.2: Use a variety of sources and data to	
identify perspectives and actions taken by individuals	
involving a current or historical community, state, or	
national issue.	
Progress Indicators for Reading Informational Text	
Key Ideas and Details	
RI.5.1. Quote accurately from a text and make relevant	
connections when explaining what the text says explicitly	
and when drawing inferences from the text.	
RI.5.2. Determine two or more main ideas of a text and	
explain how they are supported by key details;	
summarize the text.	
RI.5.3. Explain the relationships or interactions between	
two or more individuals, events, ideas, or concepts in a	
historical, scientific, or technical text based on specific	
information in the text.	
Craft and Structure	

RI.5.4. Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases in a text relevant to a <i>grade 5 topic or subject area</i> .	J
grade 5 topic or subject area.	
grade 5 topic or subject area.	
RI.5.6. Analyze multiple accounts of the same event or	
topic, noting important similarities and differences in the	
point of view they represent.	
point of view and represent.	
Integration of Knowledge and Ideas	
Integration of Knowledge and Ideas	
RI.5.7. Draw on information from multiple print or	
digital sources, demonstrating the ability to locate an	
answer to a question quickly or to solve a problem	
efficiently.	
RI.5.8. Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence	
to support particular points in a text, identifying which	
reasons and evidence support which point(s).	
RI.5.9. Integrate and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge,	
historical/cultural context, and background knowledge	
information from several texts on the same topic in order	
to write or speak about the subject knowledgeably.	
Text Types and Purposes	
W.5.2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a	
topic and convey ideas and information clearly.	
topic and convey factors and information clearly.	
Research to Build and Present Knowledge	
W.5.7. Conduct short research projects that use several	
sources to build knowledge through investigation of	
different perspectives of a topic.	
W.5.8. Recall relevant information from experiences or	
gather relevant information from print and digital	
sources; summarize or paraphrase information in notes	
and finished work and provide a list of sources.	
W.5.9. Draw evidence from literary or informational	
texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.	

Comprehension and Collaboration	
SL.5.1. Engage effectively in a range of collaborative	
discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with	
diverse partners on grade 5 topics and texts, building on	
others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.	
SL.5.2. Summarize a written text read aloud or	
information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g.,	
visually, quantitatively, and orally).	
SL.5.3. Summarize the points a speaker makes and	
explain how each claim is supported by reasons and	
evidence.	
Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas	
SL.5.4. Report on a topic or text or present an opinion,	
sequencing ideas logically and using appropriate facts	
and relevant, descriptive details to support main ideas or	
themes; speak clearly at an understandable pace.	
SL.5.5. Include multimedia components (e.g., graphics,	
sound) and visual displays in presentations when	
appropriate to enhance the development of main ideas or	
themes.	
SL.5.6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks,	
using formal English when appropriate to task and	
situation.	
CASEL Competencies	
Self-Awareness	
Identifying emotions	
Accurate self-perception	
Recognizing strengths	
Self-confidence	
• Self-efficacy	
Self-Management	
Impulse control	
Stress management	

Unit IV: The American Revolution

Self-discipline	
Self-motivation	
Goal-setting	
Organizational skills	
Social Awareness	
Perspective-taking	
• Empathy	
 Appreciating diversity 	
• Respect for others	
Responsible Decision Making	
 Identifying problems 	
 Analyzing situations 	
Solving problems	
Evaluating	
• Reflecting	
 Ethical responsibility 	
Relationship Skills	
Communication	
Social engagement	
Relationship-building	
• Teamwork	

ASSESSMENT EVIDENCE: Students will show their learning by:

- Creating an historical marker using any medium to commemorate factors that helped the Continental Army win the American Revolution.
- Composing a timeline using multiple resources outlining key events and battles either before or after the Battle of Saratoga to illustrate the Continental Army's initial struggle or its ultimate victory (Guiding question: What events and battles helped or hurt the Continental Army?)
- Continuing the community timeline to record the key events for each time period studied in this unit.

Unit IV: The American Revolution

KEY LEARNING EVENTS AND INSTRUCTION:

- Write (using TCI Reading Notes or teacher-provided prompts) to describe war strategies used by the Continental and British armies
- Construct a T-chart to assess the factors that contributed to the performance of each military force
- Generate a journal entry, letter or graphic organizer to explain how women helped the war effort during the American Revolution
- Illustrate a scene using any medium to demonstrate what slaves or American Indians may have experienced during the American Revolution
- Analyze visual images, including photographs and paintings, to draw conclusions and formulate theories

SUGGESTED TIME ALLOTMENT	4 weeks	
SUPPLEMENTAL UNIT RESOURCES	Social Studies Alive! America's Past (Chapter 13)	
	TCI Transparencies	
	TCI Interactive Student Notebooks	
	Suggested Resources:	
	• The American Revolution and Constitution: Short Nonfiction for American History by	
	Anne Goudvis and Stephanie Harvey	
	Downstream Crossing: A Revolutionary Tale by Sharon Fear	
	Haym Salomon: American Patriot by Susan Goldman Rubin	
	<u>Weapons of the Revolutionary War</u> by Matt Doeden	
	• <u>The American Revolution</u> by Alden R. Carter	
	<u>George Washington's Socks</u> by Elvira Woodruff	
	<u>Did It All Start with a Snowball Fight?</u> by Mary Kay Carson	
	<u>The Crossing</u> by Jim Murphy	
	• Freedom Flix: "The Revolutionary War"	

	http://freedomflix.digital.scholastic.com/unitPage/node-34832/10011264/
•	BrainPOP video "American Revolution"
	https://www.brainpop.com/socialstudies/ushistory/americanrevolution/
•	BrainPOP video "George Washington"
	https://www.brainpop.com/socialstudies/ushistory/georgewashington/
•	BrainPOP video "French and Indian War"
	https://www.brainpop.com/socialstudies/ushistory/frenchandindianwar/
•	DK Find Out: "American Revolution "
	http://www.dkfindout.com/us/history/american-revolution/

Unit V: A New Nation and the Constitution

TRANSFER: Determine that the rights and responsibilities of citizens are contingent upon the goals and values of each individual and the group.

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STANDARDS / GOALS: Civics and Political Institutions	ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS
 6.1.5.CivicsPI.5: Explain how government functions at the local, county, and state level. 6.1.5.CivicsPI.6: Distinguish the roles and responsibilities of the three branches of the national government. 6.1.5.CivicsPI.7: Explain how national and state governments share power in the federal system of government. 	Through debate and discussion, the colonies were able to create a system of government that recognized the importance of states' rights as well as national government.	 How do you create order in a society? How do competing interests influence how power is distributed and exercised?
 6.1.5CivicsPI.8: Describe how the United States Constitution defines and limits the power of government. 6.1.5CivicsPI.9: Research and compare the differences and similarities between the United States and other nations' governments, customs, and laws. <u>Democratic Principals</u> 6.1.5.Civics.DP.1: Using evidence, explain how the core civic virtues and democratic principles impact the 	The U.S. Constitution created a government with three distinctive branches and a system of checks and balances.	 What is the purpose of a government? What are the benefits of having a system of government which incorporates checks and balances?
 decisions made at the local, state, and national government (e.g., fairness, equality, common good). 6.1.5.CivicsDP.2: Compare and contrast responses of individuals and groups, past and present, to violations of 	The Bill of Rights protects the rights and liberties of American citizens.	• What are the basic rights of all American citizens?
fundamental rights (e.g., fairness, civil rights, human rights).6.1.5.CivicsPD.3: Explain how and why it is important that people from diverse cultures collaborate to find	<u>KNOWLEDGE</u> Students will know:	<u>SKILLS</u> Students will be able to:

solutions to community, state, national, and global challenges.	Historians investigate and closely read documents from and about a particular time period to gain	Read and annotate a variety of articles and primary source documents.
Human and Civil Rights6.1.5.CivicsHR.1: Describe how fundamental rightsguaranteed by the United States Constitution and the Billof Rights contribute to the improvement of American	knowledge and perspective.	Annotate historical images to uncover perspective.
democracy (i.e., freedom of expression, freedom of religion, freedom of the press, freedom of assembly, freedom of petition, the right to vote, and the right to due process).		Compare and contrast experiences and perspectives of various groups.
<u>Civic Mindedness</u> 6.1.5.CivicsCM.1: Use a variety of sources to describe the characteristics exhibited by real and fictional people that contribute(d) to the well-being of their community and country.		Introduce questions that explore, purpose, point of view, and bias.
6.1.5.CivicsCM.6: Cite evidence from a variety of sources to describe how a democracy depends upon and responds to individuals' participation.	The Articles of Confederation were the first system of government set up for the New Nation.	Identify the weaknesses of the Articles of Confederation.
 <u>Continuity and Change</u> 6.1.5.HistoryCC.1: Analyze key historical events from the past to explain how they led to the creation of the state of New Jersey and the United States. 6.1.5.HistoryCC.2: Use a variety of sources to illustrate how the American identity has evolved over time. 	Colonies sent delegates to the Constitutional Convention to create a new and more effective government.	Explain the need for a new form of government and the fear of having too powerful of a central government.
Interactions of people and events throughout history have shaped the world we experience today. 6.1.5.HistoryCC.4 : Use evidence to document how the interactions among African, European, and Native American groups impacted their respective cultures.	Compromises and debates were integral in developing the U.S. Constitution, which replaced the Articles of Confederation.	Describe how the Great Compromise settled disputes regarding representation between smaller and larger states.

 6.1.5.HistoryCC.13: Craft a claim explaining how the development of early government structures impacted the evolution of American politics and institutions. 6.1.5.HistoryCC.15: Analyze key historical documents to determine the role they played in past and present-day government and citizenship (i.e., the Mayflower Compact, the Declaration of Independence, the United States Constitution, the Bill of Rights). 	The three branches of government are the executive branch, legislative branch, and judicial branch.	Evaluate the compromises which ultimately led to the Constitution. Explain the role of each branch of government.
 <u>Understanding Perspectives</u> 6.1.5.HistoryUP.2: Compare and contrast forms of governance, belief systems, and family structures among African, European, and Native American groups. 	A system of checks and balances ensures that no one branch has more power than the others.	Demonstrate the concept of checks and balances.
6.1.5.HistoryUP.5: Compare and contrast historians' interpretations of important historical ideas, resources and events.	A balance of power between the states and the national governments was achieved.	Analyze the debate between state and national power (Federalist vs. Anti- Federalist).
Claims and Argumentation 6.1.5.HistoryCA.1: Craft an argument, supported with historical evidence, for how factors such as demographics (e.g., race, gender, religion, and economic status) affected social, economic, and political opportunities during the Colonial era.	A democracy is a republic where the citizens elect representatives who are responsible to the people.	Describe the process by which representatives seek election.
ERA 3 Revolution and the New Nation 6.1.8.CivicsPI.3.a: Cite evidence to evaluate the extent to which the leadership and decisions of early administrations of the national government met the goals	The Bill of Rights was included in the U.S. Constitution to ensure the basic rights of American citizens and to place specific limits on federal power.	Analyze the ten amendments in the Bill of Rights and how they provided for the basic rights of individuals.
established in the Constitution. 6.1.8.CivicsPI.3.b: Evaluate the effectiveness of the fundamental principles of the Constitution (i.e., consent of the governed, rule of law, federalism, limited government, separation of powers, checks and balances,	The U.S. Constitution is a legal document which affirms the fundamental principles and rights of the American people guided by an established government.	Interpret various articles of the U.S. Constitution to explain their meaning and/or to identify themes.

 and individual rights) in establishing a federal government that allows for growth and change over time. 6.1.8.CivicsPI.3.c: Distinguish the powers and responsibilities of citizens, political parties, interest groups, and the media in a variety of governmental and nongovernmental contexts. 6.1.8.CivicsPI.3.d: Use data and other evidence to determine the extent to which demographics influenced the debate on representation in Congress and federalism by examining the New Jersey and Virginia plans. 6.1.8.CivicsDP.3.a:Use primary and secondary sources to assess whether or not the ideals found in the Declaration of Independence were fulfilled for women, African Americans, and Native Americans during this time period. 6.1.8.CivicsHR.3.b: Evaluate the impact of the institution of slavery on the political and economic expansion of the United States. 6.1.8.GeoSV.3.a: Use maps and other geographic tools to construct an argument on the impact of geography on the developments and outcomes of the American Revolution including New Jersey's pivotal role. 6.18.CivicsHR.3.c: Construct an argument to explain how the expansion of slavery violated human rights and contradicted American ideals. 6.1.8.HistoryCC.3.a: Explain how the consequences of the Seven Years War, changes in British policies toward American Revolution. 	The U.S. Constitution is a fluid document that can be modified at any time to meet the needs of a changing society. KEY TERMS: Articles of Confederation, Constitutional Convention, constitution, checks and balances, legislative branch, executive branch, judicial branch, compromise, cabinet, impeach, veto, monarchy, rule of law, republic, amendment, Bill of Rights, jury, ratify, due process, prejudice, civil, appeal	Identify the need for ongoing changes, or amendments, to the Constitution.
American Revolution.6.1.8.HistoryCC.3.b: Explain how political parties were formed and continue to be shaped by differing		

perspectives regarding the role and power of federal	
government.	
6.1.8.HistoryCC.3.d: Compare and contrast the Articles	
of Confederation and the United States Constitution in	
terms of the decision-making powers of national	
government.	
6.1.8.HistoryUP.3.a: Use primary sources as evidence to	
explain why the Declaration of Independence was written	
and how its key principles evolved to become unifying	
ideas of American democracy.	
6.1.8.HistoryUP.3.b: Examine the roles and perspectives	
of various socioeconomic groups (e.g., rural farmers,	
urban craftsmen, northern merchants, and southern	
planters), African Americans, Native Americans, and	
women during the American Revolution, and determine	
how these groups were impacted by the war.	
6.1.8.HistoryUP.3.c: Analyze how the terms of the	
Treaty of Paris affected United States relations with	
Native Americans and with European powers that had	
territories in North America from multiple perspectives.	
6.1.8.HistorySE.3.a: Analyze how the leadership of	
George Washington during the American Revolution and	
as president allowed for the establishment of American	
democracy.	
6.1.8.HistorySE.3.b: Analyze a variety of sources to	
make evidence-based inferences about how prominent	
individuals and other nations contributed to the causes,	
execution, and outcomes of the American Revolution.	
6.1.8.CivicsDP.4.a: Research and prioritize the most	
significant events that led to the expansion of voting	
rights during the Jacksonian period.	
Active Citizenship in the 21st Century	
6.3.5.CivicsPD.2: Use a variety of sources and data to	
identify perspectives and actions taken by individuals	

involving a current or historical community, state, or	
national issue.	
6.3.5.CivicsPD.3: Propose a solution to a local issue after	
considering evidence and the perspectives of different	
groups, including community members and local	
officials.	
Progress Indicators for Reading Informational Text	
Key Ideas and Details	
RI.5.1. Quote accurately from a text and make relevant	
connections when explaining what the text says explicitly	
and when drawing inferences from the text.	
RI.5.2. Determine two or more main ideas of a text and	
explain how they are supported by key details;	
summarize the text.	
RI.5.3. Explain the relationships or interactions between	
two or more individuals, events, ideas, or concepts in a	
historical, scientific, or technical text based on specific	
information in the text.	
Craft and Structure	
RI.5.4. Determine the meaning of general academic and	
domain-specific words and phrases in a text relevant to a	
grade 5 topic or subject area.	
RI.5.6. Analyze multiple accounts of the same event or	
topic, noting important similarities and differences in the	
point of view they represent.	
Integration of Knowledge and Ideas	
Integration of Knowledge and Ideas	
RI.5.7. Draw on information from multiple print or	
digital sources, demonstrating the ability to locate an answer to a question quickly or to solve a problem	
efficiently.	
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 RI.5.8. Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text, identifying which reasons and evidence support which point(s). RI.5.9. Integrate and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge information from several texts on the same topic in order to write or speak about the subject knowledgeably. 	
Text Types and Purposes W.5.2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly.	
 Research to Build and Present Knowledge W.5.7. Conduct short research projects that use several sources to build knowledge through investigation of different perspectives of a topic. W.5.8. Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital sources; summarize or paraphrase information in notes and finished work and provide a list of sources. W.5.9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. 	
 Comprehension and Collaboration SL.5.1. Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on <i>grade 5 topics and texts</i>, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly. SL.5.2. Summarize a written text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, and orally). SL.5.3. Summarize the points a speaker makes and explain how each claim is supported by reasons and evidence. 	

Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas	
SL.5.4. Report on a topic or text or present an opinion,	
sequencing ideas logically and using appropriate facts	
and relevant, descriptive details to support main ideas or	
themes; speak clearly at an understandable pace.	
SL.5.5. Include multimedia components (e.g., graphics,	
sound) and visual displays in presentations when	
appropriate to enhance the development of main ideas or	
themes.	
SL.5.6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks,	
using formal English when appropriate to task and	
situation.	
CASEL Competencies	
Self-Awareness	
Identifying emotions	
Accurate self-perception	
Recognizing strengths	
Self-confidence	
• Self-efficacy	
Self-Management	
Impulse control	
Stress management	
Self-discipline	
Self-motivation	
Goal-setting	
Organizational skills	
Social Awareness	
Perspective-taking	
• Empathy	
Appreciating diversity	
Respect for others	
Responsible Decision Making	
Identifying problems	
Analyzing situations	

Unit V: A New Nation and the Constitution

Solving problems	
Evaluating	
Reflecting	
Ethical responsibility	
Relationship Skills	
Communication	
Social engagement	
Relationship-building	
• Teamwork	

ASSESSMENT EVIDENCE: Students will show their learning by:

- Creating a presentation (examples include but are not limited to a skit, illustrative poster, or digital presentation software) which conveys the meaning of an excerpt from the U.S. Constitution.
- Designing and delivering a skit, comic strip or written narrative which illustrates an understanding of the freedoms each amendment protects.
- Evaluating hypothetical (through TCI) or real-world scenarios to determine which branch(es) of government have power to take action to resolve complex issues.
- Continuing the community timeline to record the key events for each time period studied in this unit.

KEY LEARNING EVENTS AND INSTRUCTION:

- Identify and evaluate fundamental principles of the U.S. Constitution in a close reading by highlighting, annotating, and cross-referencing
- Synthesize ideas from multiple print and digital resources to explain the powers of each branch of government (using TCI Reading Notes or other graphic organizer)
- Synthesize ideas from multiple print and digital resources to list problems with the Articles of Confederation (using TCI Reading Notes or another graphic organizer)
- Synthesize ideas from multiple print and digital resources to describe the contributions of key historical figures (using TCI Reading Notes or another graphic organizer)

Analyze visuals, including painting	s, (available through TCI) to draw conclusions and formulate theories	
SUGGESTED TIME ALLOTMENT	4 weeks	
SUPPLEMENTAL UNIT RESOURCES	 Social Studies Alive! America's Past (Chapters 14 and 15) TCI Transparencies TCI Placards TCI Interactive Student Notebooks 	
	Suggested Resources:	
	 <u>The American Revolution and Constitution: Short Nonfiction for American History</u> by Anne Goudvis and Stephanie Harvey <u>Shh! We're Writing the Constitution</u> by Jean Fritz <u>We the Kids: The Preamble to the Constitution of the United States</u> by David Catrow DK Find Out - The Constitution <u>http://www.dkfindout.com/us/search/us-constitution/</u> DK Find Out - The Bill of Rights <u>http://www.dkfindout.com/us/more-find-out/what-does-politician-do/bill-rights/</u> BrainPOP video "Constitutional Convention" <u>https://www.brainpop.com/socialstudies/ushistory/constitutionalconvention/</u> BrainPOP video "Articles of Confederation" <u>https://www.brainpop.com/socialstudies/ushistory/articlesofconfederation/</u> BrainPOP video "U.S. Constitution" 	

• Freedom Flix: "The Bill of Rights"
http://freedomflix.digital.scholastic.com/unitPage/node-34833/10011283/
• Freedom Flix: "The U.S. Constitution"
http://freedomflix.digital.scholastic.com/unitPage/node-34833/10011286/
• Freedom Flix: "The Branches of U.S. Government"
http://freedomflix.digital.scholastic.com/unitPage/node-34833/10011289/
• True Flix: "U.S. Government"
http://tfx.grolier.com/cb/node-33060