Randolph Township Schools Randolph Middle School

Chefs in Training

"Until I discovered cooking, I was never really interested in anything." – Julia Child

Visual and Performing Arts Department Frank Perrone, Supervisor

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Randolph Township Schools Department of Fine and Performing Arts Family and Consumer Science

Table of Contents

Section	Page(s)
Mission Statement and Education Goals – District	3
Affirmative Action Compliance Statement	3
Educational Goals – District	4
Introduction	5
Curriculum Pacing Chart	6
Appendix A: Kitchen Safety	25
Appendix B: Tools of the Trade	27
Appendix C: Recipe and Math Skills	29
Appendix D: Basic Cooking Terms	31
Appendix E: Lab Procedures	32

Randolph Township Schools

Mission Statement

We commit to inspiring and empowering all students in Randolph schools to reach their full potential as unique, responsible and educated members of a global society.

> Randolph Township Schools Affirmative Action Statement

Equality and Equity in Curriculum

The Randolph Township School district ensures that the district's curriculum and instruction are aligned to the state's standards. The curriculum provides equity in instruction, educational programs and provides all students the opportunity to interact positively with others regardless of race, creed, color, national origin, ancestry, age, marital status, affectional or sexual orientation, gender, religion, disability or socioeconomic status.

N.J.A.C. 6A:7-1.7(b): Section 504, Rehabilitation Act of 1973; N.J.S.A. 10:5; Title IX, Education Amendments of 1972

RANDOLPH TOWNSHIP BOARD OF EDUCATION EDUCATIONAL GOALS VALUES IN EDUCATION

The statements represent the beliefs and values regarding our educational system. Education is the key to self-actualization, which is realized through achievement and self-respect. We believe our entire system must not only represent these values, but also demonstrate them in all that we do as a school system.

We believe:

- The needs of the child come first
- Mutual respect and trust are the cornerstones of a learning community
- The learning community consists of students, educators, parents, administrators, educational support personnel, the community and Board of Education members
- · A successful learning community communicates honestly and openly in a non-threatening environment
- Members of our learning community have different needs at different times. There is openness to the challenge of meeting those needs in professional and supportive ways
- Assessment of professionals (i.e., educators, administrators and educational support personnel) is a dynamic process that requires review and revision based on evolving research, practices and experiences
- Development of desired capabilities comes in stages and is achieved through hard work, reflection and ongoing growth

Randolph Township Schools Randolph Middle School Visual and Performing Arts Department

Chefs in Training

Introduction-

This class is designed to give students a hands-on basic introduction of the concepts and principles of nutritious food preparation. Throughout the course, procedures will be developed and learned to help create a safe, efficient environment as well as develop the knowledge and independence of working in a kitchen and developing skills for life. Topics will include kitchen basics, nutrition and eating healthy meals at breakfast, lunch and snacks.

RANDOLPH TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT Randolph Middle School Curriculum Pacing Chart Chefs in Training

SUGGESTED TIME ALLOTMENT	UNIT NUMBER	CONTENT - UNIT OF STUDY
1 week (ongoing)	Ι	Safety and Sanitation
2 weeks (ongoing)	II	Kitchen Basics
2 weeks	III	Your Healthy Breakfast
2 weeks	IV	Lunch On Your Own
2 weeks	V	Desserts and Simple Snacks

RANDOLPH TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT Randolph Middle School Chefs in Training UNIT I: Safety and Sanitation

STANDARDS:	ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS
 CRP1 – Act as a responsible and contributing citizen and employee. CRP2 – Apply appropriate academic and 	Sanitation and kitchen safety are key componants in any kitchen and should be the top priority for any chef.	• Why should a chef keep kitchen safety and sanitation at the top of their list?
technical skills. CRP4 – Communicate clearly, effectively and with reason.	Taking precautions when working in a kitchen will help you prevent common accidents.	• Why should any person working in a kitchen be aware of all precations?
2.1.6.D.1 - Summarize the common causes of intentional and unintentional injuries in adolescents and related prevention strategies	KNOWLEDGE	SKILLS
9.3.12.AG-FD.1 – Develop and implement procedures to ensure safety, sanitation and quality in food processing facilities.	Students will know:	Students will be able to:
9.3.12.AG-FD.2 – Apply principles of nutrition, biology, microbiology, chemistry, and human behavior to the development of food products.	Most foodborne illnesses are spread through improper food handling.	Identify basic cleanliness procedures during food preparation, storage and clean-up.
9.3.12.AG-FD.3 – Select and process food products for storage, distribution and consumption.		Demonstrate use of basic cleanliness procedures during all labs.
9.4.12.M.(1).6 – Assess and select a variety of techniques and solutions to ensure safe production of products as well as safe and productive work places.	There are hazards in the kitchen that need to be avoided to prevent accidents such as burns, electrocution and falls.	Categorize the basic causes of accidents in the kitchen. Implement procedures during classtime to avoid
9.4.12.M.(2).5 – Summarize and employ safety protocols to maintain a safe and productive production workplace.		the hazards.
9.4.12.M.(2).8 – Maintain equipment, tools and work stations to provide safe work environments and meet company regulations		

9.4.12A.42 - Demonstrate knowledge of safe and healthy working conditions and environment in the classroom and/or worksites that adhere to employee rights and responsibilities and employer obligations in order to promote wellbeing in the AFNR workplace.	VOCABULARY: sanitation, cross-contamination, hygiene, foodborne illnesses, bacteria, prevention, falls, cuts, burns KEY TERMS: fire-triangle
	on quiz fety rules posters

RANDOLPH TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT Randolph Middle School Chefs in Training UNIT I: Safety and Sanitation

SUGGESTED TIME ALLOTMENT	CONTENT-UNIT OF STUDY	SUPPLEMENTAL UNIT RESOURCES
1 Week (on going)	Sanitation in the kitchen	Duyff, Roberta Larson, <u>Food, Nutrition and Wellness</u> , Glencoe McGraw-Hill, New York, 2010.
	Avoiding accidents in the kitchen	Video – "Kitchen Safety" – The Learning Zone Booklet/Power point – Kitchen Safety Presentation, Learning Zone Express

RANDOLPH TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT Randolph Middle School Chefs in Training UNIT II: Kitchen Basics

STANDARDS: CRP1 – Act as a responsible and contributing	ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS
citizen and employee. CRP2 – Apply appropriate academic and technical skills.	There are unique tools that are used in basic food preparation to improve accuracy and the quality of the resulting food product.	• How can kitchen tools assist the beginning chef in their quest to become proficient at food preparation?
CRP4 – Communicate clearly, effectively and with reason.		
CRP12 – Work productively in teams while using cultural global competence.	Accurate measurements of all components of a recipe is neccasary to achieve success, which is similar to a scientific formula.	• How do baking and cooking differ?
9.3.12.AG-FD.2 – Apply principles of nutrition, biology, microbiology, chemistry, and human behavior to the development of food products.	The dynamic of cooperative group work is essential to the completion of food production and clean-up in a finite amount of time in the foods laboratory.	• What is the value/importance of group work in a foods laboratory based on the expected outcome/food product
9.3.12.AG-FD.3 – Select and process food products for storage, distribution and		
 consumption. 9.4.12.A.(1).1 – Examine and conduct food product development and research activities that demonstrate application of food science 	Procedures must be executed efficiently in order to maximize the time allotted for the completion of the food product.	• What would happen if there were no organizational procedures used in the foods laboratory?
principles to enhance product quality and appeal.	A recipe is your road map that allows you to proceed from Point A (collecting the raw ingredients in the proper	• Why is it essential for the beginning chef to use and follow a recipe to successfully
9.4.12.A.(1).2 – Design procedures and plans that demonstrate application of food processing principles to manage quality control in the food product and processing industry.	quantities), through Point B (the directions on how to combine and incorporate their assembly), to Point C (the final product)	produce food products?

9.4.12.A.(1).4 – Identify and apply food processing, handling, and storage factors to demonstrate their potential impact on product	KNOWLEDGE	SKILLS
 quality and safety. 9.4.12.M.(2).3 – Demonstrate how to communicate with others to ensure production meets business requirements. 9.4.12.M.(2).2 – Coordinate work teams when designing and/or producing products to enhance performance of the production process. . 	Students will know: A wide variety of unique tools used in food preparation such as rubber scraper, spatual and wooden spoon. Cooking can often be based on taste of the chef as opposed to the accuracy of their measurements, whereas producing a successful baked product requires accurate measuring techniques.	 Students will be able to: Classify tools according to the procedures they can be used to complete in the food preparation process. Analyze the purpose of each ingredient in the production of a baked product. Describe the reason why accurate measuring techniques are essential when baking. Compare the development of a trained "palate" to the ability to alter the recipe for cooked food products to meet the tastes of the consumer.
	Teamwork is essential to successfully creating the desired food product in the time allotted, which is why there are assigned job/tasks such as head cook, assistant cook, dishwasher, dish dryer and manager. Following a recipe is the optimal method of achieving success as a beginning chef.	Complete the tasks that have been assigned to each group member successfully according to their specific job description. Accurately read, understand and execute a recipe that will create a quality product.
	 VOCABULARY: cooking vs. baking, beat, blend, cream, cut in, fold in, knead, mix, stir, whip. KEY TERMS: measuring solids, measuring liquids, dry ingredients, mixing tools. 	

ASSESSMENT EVIDENCE: Students will show their learning by:

• Successfully preparating food products within the given time constraints (rubric will evaluate the ability to follow a recipe, measure ingredients, perform preparation techniques, function as a member of a group, and meet time allotment).

KEY LEARNING EVENTS AND INSTRUCTION:

- Students will complete "Choose a Chip Cookies" that will provide a demonstration of all basic techniques.
- Students will participate in the Tools of the Trade Scavenger Hunt, which will include all tools that will be used during class.
- Students will complete their first foods laboratory experience, which includes the creation of basic banana muffins

RANDOLPH TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT Randolph Middle School Chefs in Training UNIT II: Kitchen Basics

SUGGESTED TIME ALLOTMENT	CONTENT-UNIT OF STUDY	SUPPLEMENTAL UNIT RESOURCES
2 Weeks (on going)	Basic Kitchen Equipment Measuring Lab procedures Parts of the Recipe	Duyff, Roberta Larson, <u>Food, Nutrition and Wellness,</u> Glencoe McGraw-Hill, New York, 2010. Booklet/Power point – "Kitchen Math and Measuring", Learning Zone Express <u>Kitchen Math Workbook</u> , Learning Zone Poster – "Parts of The Recipe"

RANDOLPH TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT Randolph Middle School Chefs in Training UNIT III: Your Healthy Breakfast

STANDARDS / GOALS:	ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS
 CRP1 – Act as a responsible and contributing citizen and employee. CRP2 – Apply appropriate academic and trakerical ability. 	Breakfast is important to our bodies and is considered to be the most important meal of the day.	• Why is breakfast considered by nutritionists to be the "most important meal of the day"?
technical skills. CRP4 – Communicate clearly, effectively and with reason.	Time should not be a reason to not have a complete breakfast before you start your day.	• How can a healthy breakfast be prepared in a short amount of time?
CRP7 – Employ valid and reliable research strategies.	KNOWLEDGE	SKILLS
 CRP12 – Work productively in teams while using cultural global competence 2.1.6.A.1 - Explain how health data can be used to assess and improve each dimension of personal wellness. 2.1.6.B.2 - Summarize the benefits and risks associated with nutritional choices, based on eating patterns. 2.1.6.B.3 - Create a daily balanced nutritional meal plan based on nutritional content, value, calories, and cost. 2.1.6.B.4 - Compare and contrast nutritional information on similar food products in order to make informed choices. 	Students will know: A nutritious and balanced breakfast includes essential nutrients including proteins, carbohydrates, fats, vitamins, minerals and water, which provides mental and physical benefits to your body.	Students will be able to:Compare the similarities between eating a healthy breakfast and optimal performance during the morning hours.Identify key concepts that relates to the effects of breakfast on your mental and physical state of being in the beginning of the day.Evaluate a variety of foods as they relate to a balanced diet.
9.3.12.AG-FD.1 – Develop and implement procedures to ensure safety, sanitation and quality in food processing facilities.	The importantance of replenishing blood glucose especially in the morning.	Summarize the need to replenish nutrients in the morning by "breaking the fast" that occurs each night.

		1
 9.3.12.AG-FD.2 – Apply principles of nutrition, biology, microbiology, chemistry, and human behavior to the development of food products. 9.3.12.AG-FD.3 – Select and process food products for storage, distribution and consumption. 9.4.12.M.(1).6 – Assess and select a variety of techniques and solutions to ensure safe production of products as well as safe and productive work places. 	Foods in the correct proportion to the MyPlate guidelines help you create and eat a balanced diet. Breakfast can be prepared and eaten in a short amount of time and still be beneficial.	Make use of a food scale and related healthy portion models to allow them to eat a balanced meal. Describe ways to best make use of their time in the morning so that they don't "skip" breakfast. Prepare a well-balaned breakfast.
 9.4.12.M.(2).2 - Coordinate work teams when designing and/or producing products to enhance performance of the production process. 9.4.12.M.(2).3 - Demonstrate how to communicate with others to ensure production meets business requirements. 9.4.12.M.(2).5 - Summarize and employ safety protocols to maintain a safe and productive production workplace. 9.4.12.M.(2).8 - Maintain equipment, tools and work stations to provide safe work environments and meet company regulations 9.4.12A.42 - Demonstrate knowledge of safe and healthy working conditions and environment in the classroom and/or worksites that adhere to employ er rights and responsibilities and employ er obligations in order to promote wellbeing in the AFNR workplace. 	VOCABULARY: blood glucose, breakfast, nutrients, proteins, carbohydrates, fats, vitamins, minerals. KEY TERMS: My Plate, balanced diet	
 ASSESSMENT EVIDENCE: Students will show their learning by: Planing and executing a balanced breakfast meal Planing and executing a well-balanced "Breakfast on the Run" 		

KEY LEARNING EVENTS AND INSTRUCTION:

- Students will be involved in disucssions relating to the importance of breakfast.
- Students will complete the Food Relay Race where they will select and combine given "plastic" or paper foods into a well-balanced breakfast.
- Students will use the internet to research the School Breakfast program and how it helps students of all ages to perform their best in school.
- Students will work in groups to create a well-balanced breakfast.

RANDOLPH TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT Randolph Middle School Chefs in Training UNIT III: Your Healthy Breakfast

SUGGESTED TIME ALLOTMENT	CONTENT-UNIT OF STUDY	SUPPLEMENTAL UNIT RESOURCES
2 Weeks	The importance of breakfast Creating a well-balanced breakfast Breakfast on the run! USDA MyPlate	Duyff, Roberta Larson, <u>Nutrition and Wellness,</u> Glencoe McGraw-Hill, New York, 2000. Video – "Breakfast Because", The Learning Zone Internet resource – "Breakfast – The Most Important Meal of the Day", WebMD Internet – MyPlate.gov Various recipes – pancakes, eggs in a nest, smoothies, cinnamon buns

RANDOLPH TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT Randolph Middle School Chefs in Training UNIT IV: Lunch On Your Own

STANDARDS / GOALS:	ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS
CRP1 – Act as a responsible and contributing citizen and employee.	Lunch is an important meal and has the potential to maximize your daily activities.	How can certain foods be used to maximize the impact of lunch for your daily activities?
CRP2 – Apply appropriate academic and technical skills.CRP4 – Communicate clearly, effectively and	Basic Knife skills are essential to properly preparing many styles of food that connect to lunch.	• How would a chef use special knife skills to assist them in the preparation of lunch?
with reason. CRP7 – Employ valid and reliable research strategies.	KNOWLEDGE	SKILLS
CRP12 – Work productively in teams while using cultural global competence	Students will know:	Students will be able to:
2.1.6.A.1 - Explain how health data can be used to assess and improve each dimension of personal wellness.	Eating a nutritious balanced lunch incorporates essential nutrients including proteins, carbohydrates, fats, vitamins, minerals and water, which provides you with the energy to	Identify the correlation between eating a healthy lunch and optimal performance during the day.
2.1.6.B.2 - Summarize the benefits and risks associated with nutritional choices, based on eating patterns.	complete the activities that are part of your day.	Compare a variety of foods as they relate to a balanced diet.
2.1.6.B.3 - Create a daily balanced nutritional meal plan based on nutritional content, value, calories, and cost.	Lunch can be prepared and eaten in a short amount of time and still provide a healthy meal.	Identify ways to best make use of their time in the morning so that they are able to pack
2.1.6.B.4 - Compare and contrast nutritional information on similar food products in order to make informed choices.		themselves a nutritious lunch.
9.3.12.AG-FD.1 – Develop and implement procedures to ensure safety, sanitation and quality in food processing facilities.	Basic knife skills are an important component in your bank of preparation techniques such as julienne, cube and mince.	Demonstrate various common cuts used in the preparation of foods.
	10	Integrate knife skills during the preparation of meals.

The importantce of using appropriate food and portion sizes for healthy eating.	Create a balanced plate that relates to a healthy lunch.
VOCABULARY: julienne, cut, cube, mince, chef knife, utility knife, paring knife, and French knife	
	VOCABULARY: julienne, cut, cube, mince, chef knife,

- SESSMENT EVIDENCE: Students will show their learning
 Planing and executing a balanced lunch meal
 Planing and preparing a lunch meal at home for their family

KEY LEARNING EVENTS AND INSTRUCTION:

- Students will be involved in disucssions relating to the importance of a well-balanced lunch.
- Students will participate in a knife skills demonstration with a virtual CIA or Johnson and Wales Chef/Demonstrator.
- Students will prepare and present a Sandwich Bar for guests.

RANDOLPH TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT Randolph Middle School Chefs in Training UNIT IV: Lunch On Your Own

SUGGESTED TIME ALLOTMENT	CONTENT-UNIT OF STUDY	SUPPLEMENTAL UNIT RESOURCES
2 Weeks	The Well-Balanced Lunch	Duyff, Roberta Larson, <u>Food, Nutrition and Wellness,</u> Glencoe McGraw-Hill, New York, 2010.
	Special Techniques – Basic Knife Skills	Video – "Kitchen Fundamentals" – The Learning Zone
	Healthy Eating Patterns	CIA, The Arts Institute or Johnson and Wales Chef/Demonstrator
		YouTube – Basic Kitchen Knife Skills
		Internet - Power Point and Portion Guidelines for USDA
		Various recipes – Quesadillas, pizza, chili, taco bake, sandwich bar, sloppy joes, soups, fresh salsa (knife skills)

RANDOLPH TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT Randolph Middle School Chefs in Training UNIT V: Desserts and Simple Snacks

STANDARDS / GOALS:	ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS	
CRP1 – Act as a responsible and contributing citizen and employee.	If properly planned, desserts may incorporate many of the nutrients that you need to complete your daily nutritional	• How is it possible for dessert to be healthy but still tasty?	
CRP2 – Apply appropriate academic and technical skills.	requirements.		
CRP4 – Communicate clearly, effectively and with reason.	Snacks should be considered "small meals" that complete your nutritional needs from any given meal.	• How can snacks supplement your nutritional needs?	
CRP7 – Employ valid and reliable research strategies.			
CRP12 – Work productively in teams while using cultural global competence	KNOWLEDGE	SKILLS	
2.1.6.A.1 - Explain how health data can be used to assess and improve each dimension of	Students will know:	Students will be able to:	
personal wellness.	Methods to incorporate missing nutritional meal	Assess the foods that have been consumed	
2.1.6.B.2 - Summarize the benefits and risks associated with nutritional choices, based on eating patterns.	components into well designed desserts or snacks.	during their day as it relates to their dietary requirements	
2.1.6.B.3 - Create a daily balanced nutritional meal plan based on nutritional content, value, calories, and cost.		Discover snacks or desserts that can complete their dietary requirements.	
2.1.6.B.4 - Compare and contrast nutritional information on similar food products in order to make informed choices.	Desserts are not just sweet treats with limited nutritional value.	Select ingredients to create a healthy dessert.	
9.3.12.AG-FD.1 – Develop and implement procedures to ensure safety, sanitation and quality in food processing facilities.		Produce a healthy dessert.	

9.3.12.AG-FD.2 – Apply principles of nutrition, biology, microbiology, chemistry, and human	VOCABULARY:saturated and unsaturated fats, trans fats,	
behavior to the development of food products.	high fructose corn syrup, salt, types of sugars (agave,	
behavior to the development of food products.	honey, fructose, sucrose, dextrose)	
9.3.12.AG-FD.3 – Select and process food	1011e, 1 10005e, 500105e, 4011105e)	
products for storage, distribution and		
consumption.		
9.4.12.M.(1).6 – Assess and select a variety of		
techniques and solutions to ensure safe production of products as well as safe and		
production of products as well as safe and productive work places.		
productive work praces.		
9.4.12.M.(2).2 – Coordinate work teams when		
designing and/or producing products to enhance		
performance of the production process.		
9.4.12.M.(2).3 – Demonstrate how to		
communicate with others to ensure production		
meets business requirements.		
-		
9.4.12.M.(2).5 – Summarize and employ safety		
protocols to maintain a safe and productive		
production workplace.		
9.4.12.M.(2).8 – M aintain equipment, tools and		
work stations to provide safe work		
environments and meet company regulations		
9.4.12A.42 - Demonstrate knowledge of safe and healthy working conditions and		
environment in the classroom and/or worksites		
that adhere to employee rights and		
responsibilities and employer obligations in		
order to promote wellbeing in the AFNR		
workplace.		

ASSESSMENT EVIDENCE: Students will show their learning by:

• Planning and preparing high quality, nutritious desserts and snack

KEY LEARNING EVENTS AND INSTRUCTION:

- Students will be involved in disucssions relating to how desserts can be incorporated into your daily meal planning.
- Students will be participate in "CHOPPED" style dessert or snack challenge.

RANDOLPH TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT Randolph Middle School Chefs in Training UNIT V: Desserts and Simple Snacks

SUGGESTED TIME ALLOTMENT	CONTENT-UNIT OF STUDY	SUPPLEMENTAL UNIT RESOURCES
2 Weeks	Desserts Snacks Nutritional Value	Duyff, Roberta Larson, <u>Nutrition and Wellness</u> , Glencoe McGraw-Hill, New York, 2000. Videos –" Chopped Junior", "Kids Baking Championship"– The Food Network or Cooking Channel Sample recipes – pudding cups, cupcakes, ice cream, cookies, granola bars, Chex Mix, GORP

NAME:	PERIOD:
KITCHEN	SAFETY
List TWO reasons why accid	lents occur in the kitchen
12.	
5 Common Kito	hen Injuries
1	3
2	4
5	
Define FI	ammable
Complete the diagram	about the Fire Triangle
In case of grease fire List 2 ways of prev	venting or extinguishing a grocos fire
-	enting of extinguishing a grease me.
1	
2	
The acronym P.A.S.S. stands for	
Р	······································
Α	
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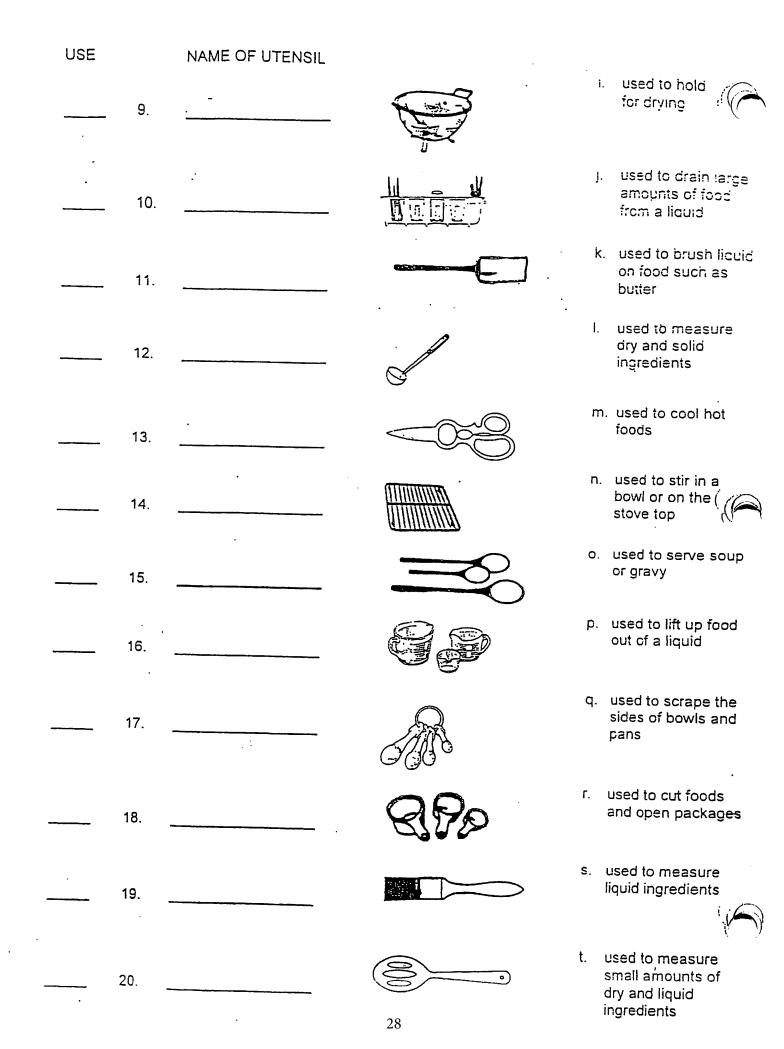
1.		Preventing Burns- Using Cookware Safely		$(\ $
3.	1.			
4.	2.			·
In case of grease fire List 2 ways of preventing or extinguishing a grease fire. 1	3.			
1.	4.			
2 The acronym P.A.S.S. stands for PA	In ca	ase of grease fire List 2 ways of preventing or extinguishing a grease fire.		
The acronym P.A.S.S. stands for P	1.			
P A S S Preventing Electrocution- Operating Electrical Appliances Safely 1. 2. Preventing Falls – Avoiding Falls, Bumps and Bruises 1. 2. Preventing Poisoning – Using Household Chemicals Safely 1. 2. Preventing Poisoning – Using Household Chemicals Safely 1. 2. Preventing Poisoning – In Food 3.	2.			
A S Preventing Electrocution- Operating Electrical Appliances Safely 1. 2. Preventing Falls – Avoiding Falls, Bumps and Bruises 1. 2. Preventing Poisoning – Using Household Chemicals Safely 1. 2. Preventing Poisoning – Using Household Chemicals Safely 1. 2. Preventing Poisoning – In Food 3.	The ac	ronym P.A.S.S. stands for		
S Preventing Electrocution- Operating Electrical Appliances Safely 1 2 Preventing Falls – Avoiding Falls, Bumps and Bruises 1 2 Preventing Poisoning – Using Household Chemicals Safely 1 2 Preventing Poisoning – In Food 3	-			
S Preventing Electrocution- Operating Electrical Appliances Safely 1 2 Preventing Falls – Avoiding Falls, Bumps and Bruises 1 Preventing Poisoning – Using Household Chemicals Safely 1 Preventing Poisoning – Using Household Chemicals Safely 1 Preventing Poisoning – In Food 3		·		
Preventing Electrocution- Operating Electrical Appliances Safely 1				
2 Preventing Falls – Avoiding Falls, Bumps and Bruises 1 2 Preventing Poisoning – Using Household Chemicals Safely 1 2 Preventing Poisoning – In Food 3	.			
Preventing Falls – Avoiding Falls, Bumps and Bruises 1.	1			
1.	2			
 2 Preventing Poisoning – Using Household Chemicals Safely 1 2 Preventing Poisoning – In Food 3 		Preventing Falls – Avoiding Falls, Bumps and Bruises		
Preventing Poisoning – Using Household Chemicals Safely 1.	1			
1.	2			
 2 Preventing Poisoning – In Food 3 		Preventing Poisoning – Using Household Chemicals Safely	ţ	
Preventing Poisoning – In Food 3.	1			
3	2			
		Preventing Poisoning – In Food		
4	3			
	4	- · · ·		K

Tools of the Trade

Using the correct cooking utensil is important. Each piece of equipment has a specific function in the preparation process. Using the key below, label each utensil then match each with its-use.

Colander Cooling Rack Cutting Board Dish Drainer Dry Measuring C	Grater Kitchen Shears Ladle Leveler ups Liquid Measuring Cup	Measuring Spoons Oven Mitt/Pot Holder Pastry Brush Peeler Rolling Pin	SI Sj W	ubber Scraper otted Spoon catula fire Wisk Vooden Spoon
USE 1.	NAME OF UTENSIL		а.	used to shred food such as cheese or carrots
2.			b.	used to whip to add air
3.			Ċ.	used to level off dry measures
4.			ď.	used to roll out dough
5.			e.	used to remove skin from fruits and vegetables
6.		01	f.	used to flip or turn
7.			g.	used to cut on to protect the counter
8.			h.	used to remove hot pans from the oven or stove
• •				

27



SECTION 3-1

Recipe and Math Skills

Recipes give you instructions for preparing certain foods or dishes. For good results, read and interpret recipes accurately, measure ingredients correctly, and understand the terms used in food preparation.

What a Recipe Tells You

Although recipes are written differently, most have the same basic information. Look for:

- Ingredients and amounts. In a well-written recipe, these are listed in order of use.
- Any pre-preparation needed. For example, in this recipe the cheese needs to be shredded before measuring.
- 3 The preparation steps.

The temperature and time of cooking.

Look

- The yield—the amount the recipe makes.
- Information about nutrients and calories. Not all recipes provide this.



For more about recipes and food preparation choices, see Chapter 14.

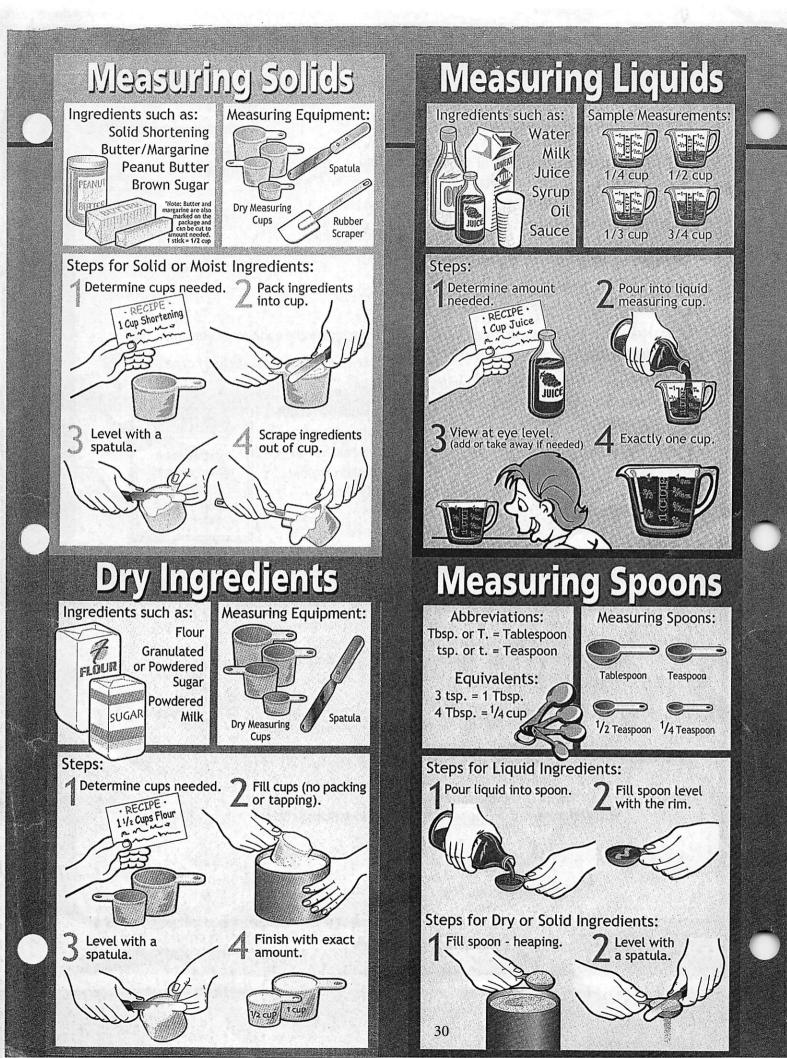
Maple Baked Beans

2 I2-oz. cans 1/3 cup chopped 1/4 cup (shredded) vegetarian onion low-fat cheddar 0 baked beans 1/4 cup ketchup cheese 1/2 cup maple-I Tbsp. prepared (optional) flavored syrup mustard Preheat oven to 350°F. Mix all ingredients together. Pour into a greased casserole dish. Bake, uncovered for 30 minutes or longer. Sprinkle cheddar cheese (optional) on top for the last ten minutes, baking until cheese is melted. Serve warm. Yield: 6 (1/2-cup) servings Nutrition information per serving: 156 calories, 1g fat, 9g fiber

29

Part 3 Skills for Preparing Food • 479

for these **TERMS** yield customary measurement system metric system



Name: Chefs in Training

BASIC COOKING TERMS DEFINE: Related to cooking.

Beat:		
Blend:		
Cream:		
Cut In:		
Fold In:		
Knead:		
Mix:		
Stir:		

Whip:

LAB PROCEDURES

DIRECTIONS FOR USING THE FOODS LAB

Many students use this lab everyday. If we are to work in an environment free of confusion, the equipment and supplies we work with must be organized. We have organized the equipment and supplies in a logical system. The following instructions will help keep the laboratory in goo working order.

- 1. When removing a utensil from a cupboard or drawer, make note of its exact location. Always return it to its proper place.
- 2. Wear aprons provided to protect your clothing and to maintain good sanitation.
- 3. Wet dishcloths and towels should be place in the washer. Clean dish cloths and towels are found in the laundry basket.
- 4. Rinse and recycle glass, plastic, and cans (use bin in front of room).
- 5. Shoulder-length hair must be tied back.
- 6. Wash hands before handling food-every time!
- 7. Everyone shares in cleanup. The following cleanup duties must be completed before your kitchen is checked by the teacher:
 - Return all equipment to its proper place
 - Clean counter tops
 - Clean table
 - Clean and dry stove top
 - Clean and dry drains and sinks to remove food particles.
 - Place dirty towels and dishcloths in washer
 - Retrieve all recipes
 - Sweep kitchen floor, if necessary

HEAD COOK

Is responsible for organizing group. Gets out measuring utensils. Measures Ingredients at the supply table. Helps prepare the food.

ASSISTANT COOK

Gets out mixing equipment. Helps prepare the food. Preheats oven and sets timer. Cleans counters and stove. Requests that kitchen is checked at end of period.

KITCHEN JOBS

DISHWASHER

Fills sink half wayFwith hot, soapyawater.DPlaces dish drainerdand rack on counter.DWashes and rinses allddishes.FCleans out sink, driestfixtures, and emptiesvsink drain.F

Picks up 1 dishcloth and 2 dishtowels. Dries and puts away dishes. Dries and puts away dish drainer/board. Puts dirty towels/clothes in washer.

DISH DRYER

MANAGER

(five person kitchen) Substitutes for job if anyone is absent. Preheats oven and sets timer. Puts away dishes and equipment. Requests that kitchen is checked at end of period.



LAB EVALUATION

Per. _____Date: _____

KITCHEN COLOR_____

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CRITERIA	
I. Pre-prep	
quiet, ready to begin	123456
 have recipes/worksheets out 	123456
 listening to teacher instructions 	123456
II. Preparation and	
Organization	
 proper equipment for measuring 	123456
 measuring correctly/using correct procedure 	123456
Following recipe steps	· 123456
 Mixing equipment out and oven set 	123456
 sink set up/towels retrieved 	123456
 organized and all doing their assigned jobs 	
	123456
III. Safety and	
Sanitation	
 Sanitation practices-hair, hands & aprons 	123456
 Safety practices with equipment 	123456
Clean-up- wash, dry and put away properly	123456
and neatly	400450
Counters, table, sink and range clean	123456
Finished on time	123456
IV. Product evaluation	5
	10 16
V. GRADE	
V. GRADE	