"The limits of my language means the limits of my world." - Ludwig Wittgenstein

> **World Language Department** Paula Paredes-Corbel, Supervisor

> > Curriculum Committee Jacqueline Fiorello Laurie Weinberg

> > **Curriculum Developed:** July 2021

Date of Board Approval: August 17, 2021

Table of Contents

Section	
Mission Statement	
Affirmative Action Statement	3
EDUCATIONAL GOALS	4
Introduction	5
Curriculum Pacing Chart	6
Unit I: Small Talk and Weather	7
Unit II: My Likes and Dislikes	
Unit III: Food and Celebrations	
APPENDIX A	
APPENDIX B	
APPENDIX C	
APPENDIX D	

Mission Statement

We commit to inspiring and empowering all students in Randolph schools to reach their full potential as unique, responsible and educated members of a global society.

Affirmative Action Statement Equality and Equity in Curriculum

The Randolph Township School district ensures that the district's curriculum and instruction are aligned to the state's standards. The curriculum provides equity in instruction, educational programs and provides all students the opportunity to interact positively with others regardless of race, creed, color, national origin, ancestry, age, marital status, affectional or sexual orientation, gender, religion, disability or socioeconomic status.

N.J.A.C. 6A:7-1.7(b): Section 504, Rehabilitation Act of 1973; N.J.S.A. 10:5; Title IX, Education Amendments of 1972

EDUCATIONAL GOALS VALUES IN EDUCATION

The statements represent the beliefs and values regarding our educational system. Education is the key to self-actualization, which is realized through achievement and self-respect. We believe our entire system must not only represent these values, but also demonstrate them in all that we do as a school system.

We believe:

- The needs of the child come first
- Mutual respect and trust are the cornerstones of a learning community
- The learning community consists of students, educators, parents, administrators, educational support personnel, the community and Board of Education members
- A successful learning community communicates honestly and openly in a non-threatening environment
- Members of our learning community have different needs at different times. There is openness to the challenge of meeting those needs in professional and supportive ways
- Assessment of professionals (i.e., educators, administrators and educational support personnel) is a dynamic process that requires review and revision based on evolving research, practices and experiences
- Development of desired capabilities comes in stages and is achieved through hard work, reflection and ongoing growth

Introduction

"The study of world languages benefits all students by fostering academic success, cognitive flexibility, increased access to information from other content areas, employment opportunities, and the ability to function more effectively with understanding and respect in all environments encountered in their lives." (New Jersey Student Learning Standards – World Languages, 2020)

The Randolph Department of World Languages believes that the acquisition of a second language is an indispensable attribute of an educated person. We offer a multifaceted, comprehensive language program. The goal of the World Language department is to develop students' communicative skills with grammar and vocabulary being taught in context rather than in isolation. In order to enrich and broaden students' communicative skills, instruction will not be limited to the written curriculum, but student needs and inquiry will be addressed on an ongoing basis. The curriculum encompasses interpersonal, interpretive, and presentational communication while emphasizing the interrelationship between the language and its respective culture. Moreover, multiple language acquisition enables the individual to reflect upon and gain insight into the student's own language and culture.

Spanish Culture and Language II is a marking period course, which is a continuation of Spanish Culture & Language I. It will further expose students to basic conversational elements of the Spanish language and culture. The course is designed to build upon previously learned topics in Spanish Culture and Language I. The focus of this course is to introduce additional basic conversational elements in the target language and to explore customs and traditions of Spanish-speaking countries.

The Spanish Language and Culture II Curriculum introduces the student to the basics of pronunciation, vocabulary, grammar, and culture in Spanish. Each unit introduces new language and vocabulary in a situational context. Grammar concepts will be taught in context through listening, speaking, reading, and writing activities in the target language. The Spanish Language and Culture II Curriculum presents students with the opportunity to explore the topics of Small Talk and Weather, My Likes and Dislikes, and Food and Celebrations. Through this exploration, students will gain knowledge of the target language environment and become more culturally and linguistically proficient. Students in Spanish Culture and Language II are at the Novice-Low proficiency level in Spanish.

Curriculum Pacing Chart

SUGGESTED TIME ALLOTMENT	UNIT NUMBER	CONTENT - UNIT OF STUDY
4 weeks	Ι	Small Talk and Weather
3 weeks	II	My Likes and Dislikes
2 weeks	III	Food and Celebrations

STANDARDS / GOALS:	ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS
Interpretive Mode: 7.1.NL. IPRET.1: Identify a few memorized and practiced words contained in oral, viewed, and written chunks of language in culturally authentic materials when supported by visual cues such as pictures and gestures and text support such as bolded words, bulleted lists,	Greetings and small talk are based on content and context. Gestures and non-verbal expressions enhance communication in the target language.	• How can I greet someone and use "small talk" to gather information with limited communication abilities in the target language?
and/or captions. 7.1.NL. IPRET.2: Respond with physical actions and/or gestures to simple oral directions, commands, and requests.	Different parts of the Spanish speaking world experience different weather patterns within each season.	• How does the weather affect the life of people in different areas of the world?
7.1.NM.IPRET.2: Respond with actions and/or gestures to oral and written directions, commands, and requests that relate to familiar and practiced topics.	<u>KNOWLEDGE</u> Students will know:	<u>SKILLS</u> Students will be able to:
7.1.NL. IPRET.3: Recognize a few common gestures associated with the target culture(s).	How people greet each other and say goodbye is not the same everywhere. There are different expressions and	Recognize expressions for greeting and leaving someone.
7.1.NM.IPRET.3: Identify familiar people, places, objects in daily life based on simple oral and written descriptions.	gestures associated with greetings and leave-taking around the world.	Express salutations and leave-takings with appropriate courtesy.
Interpersonal Mode: 7.1.NL. IPERS.1: Respond to a few simple questions on very familiar topics using memorized words and phrases that have been repeatedly practiced.		Distinguish between formal and informal greetings, introductions and leave takings.
7.1.NL.IPERS.2: With the help of gestures and/or visuals, share with others basic needs on very familiar topics using memorized words and phrases that have been repeatedly practiced.		Participate in short exchanges with culturally appropriate nonverbal expressions.

7.1.NL.IPERS.3: Tell others a few basic preferences and/or feelings using memorized words and phrases, often supported by gestures or visuals.	Seasons and weather patterns are different depending on where one is located. Children in South America have opposite seasons to children in North America.	Recognize vocabulary for weather and seasons.
7.1.NL.IPERS.4: React to a few procedural instructions, directions, and commands in classroom situations.		Match pictures of weather with the appropriate expression.
7.1.NM.IPERS.4: Give and follow simple oral and written directions, commands, and requests when participating in classroom and cultural activities.		Orally identify weather expressions to match pictures.
7.1.NL. IPERS.5: Enact a few culturally authentic gestures when greeting others and during leave takings.		Describe each season using weather expressions.
7.1.NM.IPERS.5: Imitate gestures and intonation of the target culture(s) native speakers when greeting others, during leave-takings, and in daily interactions.		Compare and contrast seasons in the United States with the same seasons in South
Presentational Mode: 7.1.NL. PRSNT.1: Present very familiar personal information using memorized words and phrases that have been repeatedly practiced, often using gestures and visuals to support communication.		America. Describe the weather in Spanish-speaking countries in each season.
7.1.NL. PRSNT.2: Express a few basic preferences and/or feelings using memorized words and phrases that are supported by gestures or visuals.	Specific vocabulary pertains to the days of week and months of the year.	Identify the days of week.
7.1.NL. PRSNT.3: Imitate a few culturally authentic gestures when greeting others and during leave takings.		Fill in a calendar with the days of the week in chronological order.
Technology Education:		Identify the months of the year.
8.1.P.C.1 Collaborate with peers by participating in interactive digital games or activities.		Categorize months of the year by weather and/or season.

8.1.P.E.1 Use the Internet to explore and investigate questions with a teacher's support.	Specific vocabulary pertains to numbers 1-30.	Recognize numbers 1-30.
		Compute simple math problems.
		Ask someone how old they are.
		Answer questions about their age.
	There are differences between the calendar used in the USA and the calendar used in Spanish speaking countries.	Differentiate between USA calendar and Spanish calendar.
	The format to express the date is not the same around the world. The placement of the day and month is significant to have an understanding of the date.	Compare and contrast the pattern of the date in English with Spanish.
		Recognize the pattern for forming the date in Spanish.
		State their birthdate.
		Pose questions about other peoples' birthdates.
	True cognates are words that look similar in both languages and have similar meanings. False cognates are words that look similar in both languages but have	Identify true and false cognates in Spanish and give English equivalents.
	different meanings.	Predict the meaning of Spanish true or false cognates.

Unit I: Small Talk and Weather

	VOCABULARY: greetings and leave-takings (<i>hola, adios, qué tal, cómo está, cómo estás</i>), days of the week, numbers 0-30, seasons, weather expressions, months of the year		
--	---	--	--

ASSESSMENT EVIDENCE: Students will show their learning by:

- Drawing pictures of the weather based on teacher descriptions. *(interpretive)*
- Preparing a dialogue with a partner portraying a meeting between two strangers. (*interpersonal*)
- Conducting short conversations with classmates in order to obtain personal information (birth date), using appropriate greetings and leave taking from the target culture as well as asking and responding to questions. (*interpersonal*)
- Creating a pictorial representation of months, seasons, and date in Spanish. (presentational)

KEY LEARNING EVENTS AND INSTRUCTION:

- Total Physical Response (TPR)
- Pictionary
- Short interpersonal conversations
- Listening activities
- Authentic songs
- Role play
- Reading aloud
- Picture talk
- Movie Talk
- Online games
- Scan target-language websites
- Comparison of weather patterns in the USA and Spanish speaking countries based on digital infographics

SUGGESTED TIME ALLOTMENT	4 weeks
SUPPLEMENTAL UNIT RESOURCES	Spanish is Fun (textbook & workbook)
	www.getkahoot.com
	www.quizlet.com
	www.quia.com/shared/spanish
	www.123teachme.com
	www.spanishspanish.com
	www.studyspanish.com
	www.spanishdict.com
	www.spanish4all.com

Unit II: My Likes and Dislikes

STANDARDS / GOALS: Interpretive Mode: 7.1.NL. IPRET.1: Identify a few memorized and practiced words contained in oral, viewed, and written chunks of	ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS Children around the world have varied	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS How does where I live and my culture inform
language in culturally authentic materials when supported by visual cues such as pictures and gestures and text support such as bolded words, bulleted lists, and/or captions.	preferences depending on where they live and cultural norms.	my likes and dislikes?
7.1.NL. IPRET.2: Respond with physical actions and/or gestures to simple oral directions, commands, and	KNOWLEDGE	SKILLS
requests.	Students will know:	Students will be able to:
7.1.NM.IPRET.2: Respond with actions and/or gestures to oral and written directions, commands, and requests that relate to familiar and practiced topics.	There are common true and false cognates between English and Spanish related to activities, pastimes, and places.	Identify true/false cognates in Spanish using total physical response.
7.1.NL. IPRET.3: Recognize a few common gestures associated with the target culture(s).		Match vocabulary pertaining to activities with a picture of the activity, e.g., <i>nadar</i> , <i>jugar</i> .
7.1.NM.IPRET.3: Identify familiar people, places, objects in daily life based on simple oral and written descriptions.		Predict the meaning of cognates of common places, e.g., <i>escuela, parque, restaurante</i> .
Interpersonal Mode: 7.1.NL. IPERS.1: Respond to a few simple questions on very familiar topics using memorized words and phrases that have been repeatedly practiced.		Orally state the name of a place they see in a picture.
7.1.NL.IPERS.2: With the help of gestures and/or visuals, share with others basic needs on very familiar topics using memorized words and phrases that have been repeatedly practiced.		Participate in short listening activities to show understanding of a place by drawing a visual representation.
		Match activities to the places in which they might occur.

Unit II: My Likes and Dislikes

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
7.1.NL.IPERS.3: Tell others a few basic preferences	Spanish has a different structure than English	Recognize the various expressions of gustar.
and/or feelings using memorized words and phrases, often supported by gestures or visuals.	when expressing likes and dislikes.	
supported by gestures or visuals.		Express what they like to do and what they don't like
7.1.NL.IPERS.4: React to a few procedural instructions,		to do.
directions, and commands in classroom situations.		
		Talk about places they like and dislike.
7.1.NM.IPERS.4: Give and follow simple oral and written directions, commands, and requests when participating in		Talk about places they like and dislike.
classroom and cultural activities.		
		View digital infographics and compare and contrast
7.1.NL. IPERS.5: Enact a few culturally authentic gestures		leisure activity or preferences in the US and Spanish-
when greeting others and during leave takings.		speaking countries.
7.1 NIM IDEDS 5. Imitate gestures and interaction -fal-		
7.1.NM.IPERS.5: Imitate gestures and intonation of the target culture(s) native speakers when greeting others,		Watch short videos and about some leisure activities
during leave-takings, and in daily interactions.		and pastimes and describe what they see.
auting four o tailings, and in autif interactions.		1 2
Presentational Mode:		Participate in short verbal exchanges describing their
7.1.NL. PRSNT.1: Present very familiar personal		favorite activities and pastimes.
information using memorized words and phrases that have		avonte activities and pastifies.
been repeatedly practiced, often using gestures and visuals		
to support communication.		
7.1.NL. PRSNT.2: Express a few basic preferences and/or	VOCABULARY: leisure activities, places,	
feelings using memorized words and phrases that are	infinitives/actions (eg. Nadar, jugar, mirar,	
supported by gestures or visuals.	<i>etc</i>), expressions for liking or disliking (<i>Me</i>	
	gusta, Me gustan, No me gusta, No me	
7.1.NL. PRSNT.3: Imitate a few culturally authentic		
gestures when greeting others and during leave takings.	gustan)	
Technology Education		
8.1.2.A.2 Create a document using a word processing		
application.		
8.1.P.C.1 Collaborate with peers by participating in interactive digital games or activities.		
interactive digital games of activities.		

Unit II: My Likes and Dislikes

8.1.P.E.1 Use the Internet to explore and investigate questions with a teacher's support.

ASSESSMENT EVIDENCE: Students will show their learning by:

- Viewing and listening to culturally authentic materials about leisure-time activities and answering comprehension questions. (*interpretive*)
- Exchanging information with a partner about their favorite leisure time activities and with whom they participate in these activities. *(interpersonal)*
- Describing a perfect weekend, including activities and pastimes, possible places visited, and weather by creating a short comic strip. (*presentational writing & speaking*)

KEY LEARNING EVENTS AND INSTRUCTION:

- Total Physical Response (TPR)
- Pictionary
- Short interpersonal conversations
- Listening activities
- Authentic songs
- Role play
- Reading aloud
- Picture talk
- Movie Talk
- Online games
- Scan target-language websites
- Creation of visual representation including dialogue (comic strip)
- Comparison of favorite leisure activities US and Spanish speaking countries based on digital infographics

SUGGESTED TIME ALLOTMENT	3 weeks

Unit II: My Likes and Dislikes

SUPPLEMENTAL UNIT RESOURCES	Spanish is Fun (textbook & workbook)
	www.getkahoot.com
	www.quizlet.com
	www.quia.com/shared/spanish
	www.123teachme.com
	www.spanishspanish.com
	www.studyspanish.com
	www.spanishdict.com
	www.spanish4all.com

STANDARDS / GOALS:	ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS
Interpretive Mode: 7.1.NL. IPRET.1: Identify a few memorized and practiced words contained in oral, viewed, and written chunks of language in culturally authentic materials when supported by visual cues such as pictures and gestures and text support such as bolded words, bulleted lists,	Similarities and differences are evident between the cultures of the USA and Spanish Speaking countries. The products and practices within a culture give insights into the values of that culture.	• What is culture and how does it affect our lives?
and/or captions.7.1.NL. IPRET.2: Respond with physical actions and/or gestures to simple oral directions, commands, and	Language and culture are intertwined, without the culture a language is not fully understood.	How does culture connect to language?
requests. 7.1.NM.IPRET.2: Respond with actions and/or gestures to oral and written directions, commands, and requests that relate to familiar and practiced topics.	Celebrations and festivals are an integral part of culture.	• How do I celebrate holidays compared to people my age in Spanish speaking countries?
7.1.NL. IPRET.3: Recognize a few common gestures associated with the target culture(s).	<u>KNOWLEDGE</u> Students will know:	<u>SKILLS</u> Students will be able to:
7.1.NM.IPRET.3: Identify familiar people, places, objects in daily life based on simple oral and written descriptions.	There are common true/false cognates related to foods and celebrations.	Identify vocabulary related to food.
Interpersonal Mode: 7.1.NL. IPERS.1: Respond to a few simple questions on very familiar topics using memorized words and phrases that have been repeatedly practiced.		Identify common celebrations. Identify true/false cognates in Spanish and give an English equivalent.
7.1.NL.IPERS.2: With the help of gestures and/or visuals, share with others basic needs on very familiar topics using memorized words and phrases that have been repeatedly practiced.		Predict the meaning of Spanish true/false cognates.

7.1.NL.IPERS.3: Tell others a few basic preferences and/or feelings using memorized words and phrases, often supported by gestures or visuals.	Our food preferences are determined by many factors, including but not limited to cultural influence and geographical location.	Listen for the names of foods and match them to a visual representation.
7.1.NL.IPERS.4: React to a few procedural instructions, directions, and commands in classroom situations.		Recognize common foods based on a short Edpuzzle video.
7.1.NM.IPERS.4: Give and follow simple oral and written directions, commands, and requests when participating in classroom and cultural activities.		Associate pictures of foods with written vocabulary.
7.1.NL. IPERS.5: Enact a few culturally authentic gestures when greeting others and during leave takings.		Scan an authentic resource, e.g. an infographic, and determine which foods are
7.1.NM.IPERS.5: Imitate gestures and intonation of the target culture(s) native speakers when greeting others, during leave-takings, and in daily interactions.		common to Spanish-speaking cultures. Express their likes and dislikes regarding foods.
Presentational Mode: 7.1.NL. PRSNT.1: Present very familiar personal information using memorized words and phrases that have been repeatedly practiced, often using gestures and visuals to support communication.	The celebration, La Tomatina is the festival of tomato throwing which takes place annually in Buñol, Spain for entertainment purposes. It is uniquely Spanish.	Recognize cultural artifacts and symbols specific to a celebration.
7.1.NL. PRSNT.2: Express a few basic preferences and/or feelings using memorized words and phrases that are supported by gestures or visuals.		Compare and contrast this celebration to specific celebrations in the United States.
7.1.NL. PRSNT.3: Imitate a few culturally authentic gestures when greeting others and during leave takings.		Identify the product, practice and perspective of La Tomatina.
Technology Education 8.1.2.A.2 Create a document using a word processing application.		

1.P.C.1 Collaborate with peers by participating in teractive digital games or activities.1.P.E.1 Use the Internet to explore and investigate testions with a teacher's support.	VOCABULARY: food and drinks, celebrations	
• Exchanging information with a partne	thentic materials about La Tomatina and answering comprehenser about their favorite foods. (<i>interpersonal</i>) ag and labelling the foods that are included in the festival. (<i>prese</i>	

- Total Physical Response (TPR)
- Pictionary
- Short interpersonal conversations
- Listening activities
- Authentic songs
- Role play
- Reading aloud
- Picture talk
- Movie talk
- Online games
- Scan target-language websites
- Comparison of favorite foods in US and Spanish speaking countries based on digital infographics

SUGGESTED TIME ALLOTMENT	2 weeks

SUPPLEMENTAL UNIT RESOURCES	Spanish is Fun (textbook & workbook)
	www.getkahoot.com
	www.quizlet.com
	www.quia.com/shared/spanish
	www.123teachme.com
	www.spanishspanish.com
	www.studyspanish.com
	www.spanishdict.com
	www.spanish4all.com

APPENDIX A

ACTFL Proficiency Guidelines 2012 – Novice Level Learners

The ACTFL Proficiency Guidelines are descriptions of what individuals can do with language in terms of speaking, writing, listening, and reading in real-world situations in a spontaneous and non-rehearsed context. These Guidelines present the levels of proficiency as ranges, and describe what an individual can and cannot do with language at each level, regardless of where, when, or how the language was acquired. They are an instrument for the evaluation of functional language ability.

SPEAKING:

Novice-level speakers can communicate short messages on highly predictable, everyday topics that affect them directly. They do so primarily through the use of isolated words and phrases that have been encountered, memorized, and recalled. Novice-level speakers may be difficult to understand even by the most sympathetic interlocutors accustomed to non-native speech.

WRITING:

Writers at the Novice level are characterized by the ability to produce lists and notes, primarily by writing words and phrases. They can provide limited formulaic information on simple forms and documents. These writers can reproduce practiced material to convey the most simple messages. In addition, they can transcribe familiar words or phrases, copy letters of the alphabet or syllables of a syllabary, or reproduce basic characters with some accuracy.

LISTENING:

At the Novice level, listeners can understand key words, true aural cognates, and formulaic expressions that are highly contextualized and highly predictable, such as those found in introductions and basic courtesies. Novice-level listeners understand words and phrases from simple questions, statements, and high-frequency commands. They typically require repetition, rephrasing, and/or a slowed rate of speech for comprehension. They rely heavily on extralinguistic support to derive meaning. Novice-level listeners are most accurate when they are able to recognize speech that they can anticipate. In this way, these listeners tend to recognize rather than truly comprehend. Their listening is largely dependent on factors other than the message itself.

READING:

At the Novice level, readers can understand key words and cognates, as well as formulaic phrases that are highly contextualized. Novice-level readers are able to get a limited amount of information from highly predictable texts in which the topic or context is very familiar, such as a hotel bill, a credit card receipt, or a weather map. Readers at the Novice level may rely heavily on their own background knowledge and extralinguistic support (such as the imagery on the weather map or the format of a credit card bill) to derive meaning. Readers at the Novice level are best able to understand a text when they are able to anticipate the information in the text. At the Novice level, recognition of key words, cognates, and formulaic phrases makes comprehension possible.

NCSSFL-ACTFL PROFICIENCY BENCHMARKS

	NOVICE Proficiency Benchmark		
	COMMUNICATION		
INTERPRETIVE	<i>I can</i> identify the general topic and some basic information in both very familiar and everyday contexts by recognizing practiced or memorized words, phrases, and simple sentences in texts that are spoken, written, or signed.		
INTERPERSONAL	<i>I can</i> communicate in spontaneous spoken, written, or signed conversations on both very familiar and everyday topics, using a variety of practiced or memorized words, phrases, simple sentences, and questions.		
PRESENTATIONAL	<i>I can</i> present information on both very familiar and everyday topics using a variety of practiced or memorized words, phrases, and simple sentences through spoken, written, or signed language.		
	INTERCULTURAL COMMUNICATION		
INVESTIGATE	INVESTIGATE In my own and other cultures, <i>I can</i> identify products and practices to help me understand perspectives.		
INTERACT	<i>I can</i> interact at a survival level in some familiar everyday contexts.		

NCSSFL-ACTFL Can-Do Statements | ACTFL

APPENDIX B NCSSFL-ACTFL CAN DO STATEMENTS Progress Indicators for Language Learners

The NCSSFL-ACTFL Can-Do Statements are self-assessment checklists used by language learners to assess what they "can do" with language in the Interpretive, and Presentational modes of communication. These modes of communication are defined in the National Standards for 21st Century Language Learning and organized in the checklist into the following categories:

- Interpersonal (Person-to-Person) Communication
- Presentational Speaking (Spoken Production)
- Presentational Writing (Written Production)
- Interpretive Listening
- Interpretive Reading

Ultimately, the goal for all language learners is to develop a functional use of another language for one's personal contexts and purposes. The Can-Do Statements serve two purposes to advance this goal: for programs, the statements provide learning targets for curriculum and unit design, serving as progress indicators; for language learners, the statements provide a way to chart their progress through incremental steps. The checklists are best used by learners and learning facilitators as part of an overall reflective learning process that includes:

- setting goals
- selecting strategies
- self-assessing
- providing evidence
- reflecting before setting new goals

The more learners are engaged in their own learning process, the more intrinsically motivated they become. Research shows that the ability of language learners to set goals is linked to increased student motivation, language achievement, and growth in proficiency.

NCSSFL-ACTFL Global Can-Do Benchmarks

Interpersonal Communication:

Novice-Low: I can communicate on some very familiar topics using single words and phrases that I have practiced and memorized. Novice-Mid: I can communicate on very familiar topics using a variety of words and phrases that I have practiced and memorized. Novice-High: I can communicate and exchange information about familiar topics using phrases and simple sentences, sometimes supported by memorized language. I can usually handle short social interactions in everyday situations by asking and answering simple questions.

Presentational Speaking:

Novice-Low: I can present information about myself and some other very familiar topics using single words or memorized phrases. Novice-Mid: I can present information about myself and some other very familiar topics using a variety of words, phrases, and memorized expressions.

Novice-High: I can present basic information on familiar topics using language I have practiced using phrases and simple sentences.

Presentational Writing:

Novice-Low: I can copy some familiar words, characters, or phrases. Novice-Mid: I can write lists and memorized phrases on familiar topics. Novice-High: I can write short messages and notes on familiar topics related to everyday life.

Interpretive Listening:

Novice-Low: I can recognize a few memorized words and phrases when I hear them spoken. Novice-Mid: I can recognize some familiar words and phrases when I hear them spoken. Novice-High: I can often understand words, phrases, and simple sentences related to everyday life. I can recognize pieces of information and

Novice-High: I can often understand words, phrases, and simple sentences related to everyday life. I can recognize pieces of information a sometimes understand the main topic of what is being said.

Interpretive Reading:

Novice-Low: I can recognize a few letters or characters. I can identify a few memorized words and phrases when I read. Novice-Mid: I can recognize some letters or characters. I can understand some learned or memorized words and phrases when I read. Novice-High: I can understand familiar words, phrases, and sentences within short and simple texts related to everyday life. I can sometimes understand the main idea of what I have read.

The full Can-Do Statements document can be found at: http://www.actfl.org/publications/guidelines-and-manuals/ncssfl-actfl-can-do-statements

Can Do Statements: Unit 1 - Small Talk and Weather	I'm not there <i>yet</i> .	I can do this with some help.	I can do this independently!
I can greet someone.			
I can introduce myself.			
I can distinguish between formal and informal greetings, introductions and farewells.			
I can ask someone's age and state my own age.			
I can introduce two people using culturally appropriate gestures.			
I can predict the meaning of Spanish cognates related to the calendar and weather.			
I can identify the days of the week on a Spanish calendar.			
I can identify the months of the year on a Spanish Calendar.			
I can match the seasons of the year to pictures of weather.			
I can recognize some common weather expressions.			
I can identify the seasons in different parts of the world.			
I can classify the months of the year by season.			
I can list the months of the year in order.			
I can state my birth date and ask someone else their birthday.			
I can state today's date and ask someone the date.			

Can Do Statements: Unit 2 - My Likes and Dislikes	I'm not there <i>yet</i> .	I can do this with some help.	I can do this independently!
I can recognize some sports and leisure activities.			
I can respond to whether I like something/someone with a thumbs up or thumbs down.			
I can pick out activities and sports that I like from a list.			
I can answer a yes/no question.			
I can answer an either/or question.			
I can answer questions about what I like and dislike.			
I can talk about something I like.			
I can talk about something I dislike.			
I can ask someone about their likes and dislikes.			
I can understand someone when they state what they like or dislike.			
I can talk about what I like to do and what I don't like to do.			
I can list things that I like and things that I do not like.			
I can distinguish between talking about liking one thing as opposed to multiple things.			
I can predict the meaning of Spanish cognates related to places and activities.			

Can Do Statements: Unit 3 - Food and Celebrations	I'm not there <i>yet</i> .	I can do this with some help.	I can do this independently!
I can identify foods based in images.			
I can express my food preferences.			
I can recognize foods eaten at celebrations.			
I can compare various Hispanic cultural foods and celebrations with the United States.			
I can identify similarities and differences in several Spanish-speaking cultures.			
I can talk about a celebration based on pictures or photos.			
I can understand when someone tells me about a celebration they like or dislike.			
I can recognize customs of Spanish-speaking countries.			
I can recognize cultural artifacts and symbols specific to select holidays.			
I can match images and/or pictures to the celebrations they represent.			

APPENDIX C

The 5 C's

Communication, Culture, Connections, Comparisons, Communities

World Languages Practices

The practices are the skills that individuals who leverage their ability to speak multiple languages in their careers use on a regular basis. Because the purpose of World Languages is to provide students with the essential language skills and cultural understandings in languages other than English, many of the practices can be applied to daily life. These practices establish a strong link between communication and culture, which is applied when making connections and comparisons and in using language to function as part of local and global communities. Curriculum writers and educators will want to consider how they can design learning experiences that will enable their students to develop these skills in conjunction with the skills reflected in the core ideas and performance expectations (ACTFL, 2012).

Practice	Description
Communicate	Communicate effectively in more than one language in order to function in a variety of situations and for multiple purposes.
Cultures	Learners use the language to investigate, explain, and reflect on the relationship between the practices and perspectives of the cultures studied. Learners use the language to investigate, explain, and reflect on the relationship between the products and perspectives of the cultures studied.
Connections	Learners use the language to investigate, explain, and reflect on the nature of language through comparisons of the language studied and their own. Learners use the language to investigate, explain, and reflect on the concept of culture through comparisons of the cultures studied and their own.
Comparisons	Develop insight into the nature of language and culture in order to interact with cultural competence.
Communities	Learners use the language both within and beyond the classroom to interact and collaborate in their community and the globalized world. Learners set goals and reflect on their progress in using languages for enjoyment, enrichment, and advancement.



APPENDIX D

Additional Resources

Spanish is Fun (textbook), Ingram Publications, ISBN 978-1567658156 Spanish is Fun (workbook), Amsco Publications, ISBN 978-1567658170 Spanish/English Dictionary *The Story of Ferdinand* by Munro Leaf, ISBN 978-0448456942

Teacher Resources: Center for Language Education and Research: http://clear.msu.edu/clear/ Toni Theisen Wiki Page: http://tonitheisen.wikispaces.com/ NJ DOE model world language curriculum: <u>http://www.state.nj.us/education/modelcurriculum/</u> NJ World Language Standards: http://www.state.ni.us/education/cccs/2014/wl/ Teacher Effectiveness for Language Learning: http://www.tellproject.org/ The International Journal of Foreign Language Teaching: <u>http://www.ijflt.org/index.php/home</u> World Language Assessment: http://wimedialab.org/worldlanguageassessment/Video.htm Foreign Language Educators of New Jersey: http://flenj.org/ American Council on the Teaching of World Languages: https://www.actfl.org/ American Association of Teachers of French: <u>https://www.frenchteachers.org/</u> American Association of Teachers of Spanish and Portuguese: http://www.aatsp.org/www.pinterest.com www.twitter.com www.facebook.com General Language & Spanish Resources: http://www.westerwelle.net/conversion table.htm (Measurement conversion) http://wes.org/gradeconversionguide/ (International Grade Conversion Guide For Higher Education) www.getkahoot.com https://www.duolingo.com/ http://www.languagegvm.com/#/

http://en.childrenslibrary.org/ (online books in many languages) http://www.thefrenchexperiment.com/stories/

(children's stories with audio) http://www.edutopia.org/blog/authentic-activities-world-language-classroom-sarah-

loyola (Edutopia) <u>https://worldlangsources.wikispaces.com/WL+Tech+Tools(</u> All WL Resources)

http://www.livebinders.com/play/play?id=693296 (Spanish & World Languages Teaching Resources: A digital Library) http://www.miscositas.com (Mis Cositas)

http://www.bbc.co.uk/languages/ http://www.hello-world.com/ http://www.uni.edu/becker/ www.storybird.com www.k7.net www.socrative.com www.pollevervwhere.com www.surveymonkey.com https://plickers.com/ https://www.zaption.com/ www.wordreference.com http://www.teachertube.com/ www.quia.com/shared/spanish www.123teachme.com www.spanishspanish.com www.studvspanish.com www.spanishdict.com www.spanish4all.com www.spanish@glencoe.com https://www.voutube.com/watch?v=q0K6Yg9lFK8:Gustar 1 https://www.voutube.com/watch?v=SJ0LC4RxbCA: Gustar 2 https://www.voutube.com/watch?v=MxAZR2GX6EY: Gustar 3 https://www.voutube.com/watch?v=rwWzMvPvVXA: Como sov? https://www.voutube.com/watch?v=TxWugOUw2us: Como eres tu? https://www.voutube.com/watch?v=JfpFDOS34vU: Cuantos anos https://www.voutube.com/watch?v=d2Dn0q-WP98: Los meses https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JferwEVkMXo: Dias de Semana https://www.voutube.com/watch?v=q53gAvD60dA: Numeros 1-31 https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=kdDu8pFbnRc: Buenos Dias https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=jJ5Qo4CubxI: What is the day of the dead? https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GzaZidVrebA: Day of the Dead: Brief overview https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2zU BGLV8NA: Day of the Dead: Mexico Celebrations *https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=yEyPk1xv0nM: La Quinceanera Documentary* https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CiuHOaODfDk: La Quinceanera Teacher's Discovery https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Omp4DjtWcuw: Running of the Bull Espana https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=kMImFhiwmOU: La navidad en Espana y Latino America https://www.voutube.com/watch?v=W0vdEX-a EI: Cinco de mavo https://www.voutube.com/watch?v=EoEBen2eV-Y: Cinco de mavo: History Channel

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=p4vjUok6iTk: Easter in Spain https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=70-<u>kw60FsMk</u>: New Years Eve Traditions <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CofI7ppNMes</u>: Dia de los Reves https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=iaDwigX7sgA: Spanish-speaking Countries of the World https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0Aw-yBBBLEI: Greetings https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=m9eaWTKrBDk: Greetings and Goodbyes https://www.voutube.com/watch?v=TaEe6 wikB8: Como estas? Rap https://www.voutube.com/watch?v=ij5R1YTG480: Como te llamas? https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TxWugOUw2us: Como eres? https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=VPpNir3-Z3I: Como eres? Tutorial https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CHRWdXWrKp4: America's Backyard:Puerto Rico https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=eNVTb9oyvNM: Cuba Documentary https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nrHtTmBNc6c: Mexico City Document https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-ocI9QCV1xM: Spanish Speaking Countries Rap http://spanishcognates.org/: Cognates http://www.colorincolorado.org/pdfs/articles/cognates.pdf: List of Common Cognates https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=x4cz6CaXX1w: Cumpleaños Song https://www.voutube.com/watch?v=zvN-cPkdV2A: Gustar + Nouns https://www.voutube.com/watch?v=iAgY7_08GT8: Gustar + Inf. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OYcoiUI5Ut8: Gusta Song https://www.voutube.com/watch?v=wXSgWktFRWO: Salsa https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1TBNoSNqNmc:Tango https://www.voutube.com/watch?v=m6DvMkLFbnw: Merengue https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=h9KObbheFcM&list=RDh9KObbheFcM#t=9: Mariachi Music http://www.childrensbooksforever.com/childrenpages/Spanish.html (children's books in PDF) http://www.aprenderespanol.org (Video comic series/ Readings/ Grammar videos/ Vocabulary videos) http://www.senorjordan.com/ (Sr. Jordan Videos – Available on Youtube) http://personal.colby.edu/~bknelson/SLC/index.html (Barbara K. Nelson: Cultural Videos/ Readings/ Grammar) http://www.celebratelanguages.com/esextra.html (Videonovelas with activities) http://www.elhuevodechocolate.com/index.html (Multitude of Resources: Authentic/ Reading/ Theatre) https://srtanrodriguez.wordpress.com/2013/03/18/top-20-websites-spanish-teachers-should-know-about-and-use/ (Srta Rodriguez) http://oflaslo.weebly.com/uploads/1/9/5/2/19527349/wl-spanishresources-weeb-combined3.docx (WL Spanish resources) http://misclaseslocas.blogspot.com/p/in-honor-of-my-100th-post-have-put.html (100 Resources for the Spanish Teacher) https://spanishplans.org/ (Recursos para profesores de español) http://www.drlemon.com/Grammar/basics.html (Dr. Lemon: Vocabulary/Grammar) https://rockalingua.com/videos (Music Based Spanish Learning)

http://www.gpb.org/salsa/term/episode (Video lessons-Young Children)

<u>http://www.lightspeedspanish.co.uk/</u> (Culture/ Videos/ Podcasts/ Activities) <u>https://quizlet.com/subject/spanish/ http://www.bbc.co.uk/schools/gcsebitesize/spanish/ (listening</u> activities)